



City of Phoenix

**HUMAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT
2023 COMMUNITY ASSESSMENT
1-YEAR UPDATE**



CITY OF PHOENIX
HUMAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT
2023 COMMUNITY ASSESSMENT 1-YEAR UPDATE

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Purpose and Background

The Human Services Department (HSD) provides a comprehensive array of education and social services to help people achieve their highest level of self-sufficiency. Programs include early childhood education, emergency rent and utility assistance, case management, employment services (including career counseling and job placement services), programs and services for seniors, services for victims of crime, services for individuals experiencing homelessness, and related community initiatives.

Some of these programs are funded, in part, by federal funds, including Head Start grants and the Community Services Block Grant (CSBG). Both funding sources require grantees to conduct periodic community assessments.

Federal Head Start regulations require grantees to conduct assessments that describe community strengths, needs, and resources, and include at a minimum:¹

- (i) The number of eligible infants, toddlers, preschool-age children, and expectant mothers, including their geographic location, race, ethnicity, and languages they speak, including:
 - (A) Children experiencing homelessness in collaboration with, to the extent possible, McKinney-Vento Local Education Agency Liaisons (42 U.S.C. 11432 (6)(A));
 - (B) Children in foster care; and
 - (C) Children with disabilities, including types of disabilities and relevant services and resources provided to these children by community agencies;
- (ii) The education, health, nutrition, and social service needs of eligible children and their families, including prevalent social or economic factors that impact their well-being;
- (iii) Typical work, school, and training schedules of parents with eligible children;
- (iv) Other child development, childcare centers, and family childcare programs that serve eligible children, including home visiting, publicly funded state and local preschools, and the approximate number of eligible children served;
- (v) Resources that are available in the community to address the needs of eligible children and their families;
- (vi) Strengths of the community.

In addition, Head Start regulations provide that:²

A program must annually review and update the community assessment to reflect any significant changes including increased availability of publicly-funded pre-kindergarten- (including an assessment of how the pre-kindergarten available in the community meets the

¹ 45 CFR 1302.11(b)(1)

² 45 CFR 1302.11(b)(2), (3).

needs of the parents and children served by the program, and whether it is offered for a full school day), rates of family and child homelessness, and significant shifts in community demographics and resources.

A program must consider whether the characteristics of the community allow it to include children from diverse economic backgrounds that would be supported by other funding sources, including private pay, in addition to the program's eligible funded enrollment. A program must not enroll children from diverse economic backgrounds if it would result in a program serving less than its eligible funded enrollment.

The regulation further requires that Head Start grantees use this information to help determine program objectives, services, recruitment areas, and priorities.

The law establishing the Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) requires (*emphasis added*):

An assurance that the State will secure from each eligible entity in the State, as a condition to receipt of funding by the entity through a community services block grant made under this chapter for a program, *a community action plan* (which shall be submitted to the Secretary, at the request of the Secretary, with the State plan) *that includes a community-needs assessment for the community served*, which may be coordinated with community-needs assessments conducted for other programs³

Related federal guidance requires assessments to be conducted every three years, the collection of current data related to poverty, and the compilation of information collected directly from low-income individuals.⁴ The assessment is expected to support the agencies' work to further the following three national goals:

1. Individuals and families with low incomes are stable and achieve economic security.
2. Communities, where people with low incomes live, are healthy and offer economic opportunity.
3. People with low incomes are engaged and active in building opportunities in communities.

In conformance with these requirements, HSD conducted a complete community assessment in late 2021 and early 2022, culminating in a June 2022 report.⁵ As an interim assessment, this report:

³ 42 United States Code § 9908(b)(11).

⁴ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Community Services. (August 18, 2017). CSBG Dear Colleague Letter Update on CSBG Performance Management. Retrieved from <https://www.acf.hhs.gov/ocs/resource/csbg-dear-colleague-letter-update-on-csbg-performance-management>.

⁵ City of Phoenix Human Services Department. (June 2022). 2022 Community Assessment. Retrieved from <https://www.phoenix.gov/humanservicessite/Documents/2022%20City%20of%20Phoenix%20Community%20Assessment%20and%20Appendices%20-%20FINAL.pdf>

- Provides highlights from the 2022 Community Assessment;
- Updates Census figures and other key data points; and
- Discusses significant trends in programs for low-income and other in-need populations served by HSD.

Overview of the 2022 Community Assessment

The 2022 Community Assessment included an overview of the demographic profile of the city, and an assessment of community needs and strengths across eleven domains. Highlights from each section are provided below.

Demographic Overview

This section provided information about city’s residents, population distribution by age, race and ethnicity, household income, poverty status, and educational attainment.

Since the 2019 Community Assessment, Phoenix gained more the 72,000 residents, and retained its ranking as the fifth-most populous city in the United States. The growth in population was likely to produce additional demand for HSD services and to influence the types of services that are needed and how these services are delivered. For example, growth in the number of seniors will increase the demand for congregate and home-delivered meals.

Phoenix’s strong economy and additional federal supports (e.g., stimulus payments) helped to reduce the percentage of households in poverty by 3.7 percentage points compared to the 2019 Community Assessment, while increasing the median household income from \$52,080 to \$60,914. However, one in six residents continue to live below the federal poverty level.

Domain 1: Early Learning

This section described preschool enrollment rates by planning village, the Early Head Start and Head Start eligible population by Education Service Provider area, the availability of licensed childcare options, and programs that assist families to access childcare.

Early care and education programs are integral to children’s readiness for school and essential to allowing parents to work or attend school. However, only 33.9 percent of three and four-year olds in Phoenix attended preschool, a rate that significantly lagged the 47.3 percent nationwide rate.

There are a number of programs that assist low-income families to access early learning and childcare programs. Although the Arizona Department of Economic Security’s childcare subsidy program funding has nearly doubled in the last few years, the funding is still inadequate to meet

the needs of low-income families. This challenge was evident in the 2021 Resident and Client Community Survey administered as part of the assessment, where more than a quarter of the respondents reported having issues accessing childcare services.

HSD had funding to support enrollment of less than a third of the city’s children eligible for Head Start and less than five percent of children eligible for Early Head Start. Families that participated in the 2021 Resident and Client Community Survey that utilized Early Head Start or Head Start programs reported a high level of satisfaction with the quality of instruction received, availability and quality of services, convenience of location, and hours of operation.

In addition to Early Head Start and Head Start, there were more than 375 licensed childcare providers with capacity for more than 46,000 children within the City’s Education Service Provider service area. Public assistance for childcare programs, including the Department of Economic Security’s childcare subsidy and First Things First’s Quality First scholarship program provided funding to more than 9,400 children under five years of age in the Phoenix Head Start service area in 2022.

Domain 2: Education

This section described the availability and quality of district and charter schools in Phoenix, including district and village level details regarding AzMERIT proficiency as well as information regarding the availability and cost of post-secondary education for Phoenix residents.

The 291 district schools and 168 charter schools located in the city served more than 254,000 students. The proportion of children attending charter schools increased from 20.7 percent of total enrollment since the 2019 Community Assessment to 22.8 percent in 2022. In the 2021-22 school year, 66 percent of charter schools received a school letter grade of ‘A’ or ‘B’, compared to 51 percent of district schools. For the 2021-22 school year, students attending charter schools performed somewhat better than district schools in both the English Language Arts (ELA) and mathematics components of the AzMERIT standardized test. Specifically, 44.7 percent of charter school students achieved proficiency in ELA compared to 35.0 percent of district school students, while 43.2 percent of charter school students achieved proficiency in math, compared to 31.9 percent of district school students.

Domain 3: Employment

This section highlighted Phoenix’s unemployment rates since 2012, employment by industry, job growth by major industry, projected job growth through 2030, and some of the public and community job placement services available to job seeking residents, including the city’s youth. Since 2018, the City of Phoenix added more than 150,000 jobs, and was projected to add almost 170,000 jobs by 2030. In addition, the unemployment rate averaged about 3.5 percent in the five

months leading up to the 2022 report, which was below the 4.0 percent unemployment rate just before the pandemic in February 2020.

Almost one third of the residents surveyed in the 2021 Resident and Client Community Survey that utilized ARIZONA@WORK Job Center services indicated that employment assistance and job training were services they desired but had difficulty accessing. Among the primary barriers to employment cited by survey participants were a lack of transportation and a lack of knowledge of available employment-related services.

Domain 4: Income Management and Self Sufficiency

This section included an overview of household incomes, an overview of the living wage estimates for Phoenix residents of various household compositions, changes in the consumer price index, and public assistance programs available to supplement income needs.

Since the 2019 Community Assessment, there was a four percentage point decrease in the number of households with incomes less than \$35,000 and a nearly seven percentage point increase in the number of households with incomes over \$50,000. Despite these gains, 13.7 percent of Phoenix households lived in poverty in 2022. Programs such as cash assistance, Social Security, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Women, Infants and Children (WIC), Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), and rental assistance represented important supports for many Phoenix families that struggle to acquire their basic necessities, including housing, food, and transportation. Further constraining incomes and household budgets, the consumer price index increased by 10.9 percent over the prior year, the highest increase in over 40 years.

Domain 5: Housing

This section discussed housing costs, the supply of affordable housing, changes in the fair market value of rents, details about evictions, and available housing support programs in the city.

From 2012 to 2022, the median sales price of single-family homes increased from \$102,000 to \$397,000, exacerbating the issue of affordable housing for low-income Phoenix residents. In 2021, Phoenix was ranked as having the fourth most severe shortage of affordable rental homes of the nation's 50 largest metropolitan areas, with an estimated statewide need for 270,000 additional affordable housing units. Between 2012 and 2021, the proportion of affordable homes (for families earning the city's median income) decreased from 78.0 percent to only 44.5 percent. To help address this shortfall, the city created its first-ever Housing Phoenix Plan, which established a goal of creating or preserving 50,000 affordable housing units by 2030.

As of the 2022 Community Assessment, the pandemic-era eviction moratorium remained in effect, but it was believed that the end of the moratorium would result in an unprecedented

increase in evictions. The Centers for Disease Control issued a moratorium on evictions that was in place from September 4, 2020, through August 26, 2021.

Domain 6: Nutrition

This section discussed the various public and community programs in place to reduce hunger and improve nutrition, including free and reduced price meals for students, SNAP, WIC, the home delivered meals program, and food banks and pantries located across Phoenix.

Nearly one-in-five Phoenix residents lived more than a mile from a supermarket or grocery store that provides affordable and nutritious foods in 2022. Additionally, although food insecurity rates were not measured at the city level, one-in-nine residents across Maricopa County were considered food insecure (down from one-in-eight in 2019). Lack of access to sufficient and nutritious food contributes to hunger for some and leads to obesity for others when their primary foods are non-nutritious. Food assistance programs, therefore, remained critical to the city's low-income individuals and families.

More than 60 percent of students attending a district school in Phoenix received a free or reduced price lunch in the 2021-22 school year, while more than one-in-five of all households in the city received SNAP benefits. The city was also home to 43 food banks, food pantries, soup kitchens, and emergency food box distributors, which were an important asset to the city's residents.

HSD operates a home delivered meals program for low-income homebound residents aged 60 years and older and to disabled adults, reaching an average of nearly 1,800 participants daily. HSD served more than 560,000 home-delivered meals in fiscal year 2021.

Domain 7: Health

This section described health insurance rates for Phoenix residents, the type and availability of health care providers in Phoenix, birth and maternity statistics, mental health information, and other health-related data.

The percentage of Phoenix residents with health insurance increased from 82 percent in 2014 to 87 percent in 2020, while 93 percent of the city's children had health insurance. However, ten of the city's planning villages were designated by the Arizona Department of Health Services as medically underserved areas, meaning the area had some combination of too few primary care providers, a high infant mortality rate, high poverty rates, or a high elderly population.

Mental and behavioral health supports are as important as physical health care for low-income individuals, especially because rates of mental illness are highest among adults living below the

federal poverty level. The State continued to rank near the bottom for mental health supports for adults at 35th and 49th for children among all 50 states.

Three programs have been created by the City of Phoenix that provide crisis intervention and crisis stabilization; non-crisis outreach for behavioral health, and substance abuse; and support for family members of those killed in an officer involved shooting and those who witness the incident.

Domain 8: Safety

This section discussed changes in crime rates since the 2019 Community Assessment, as well as data regarding the city's police and fire services, staffing, and call types and volumes in the previous year.

Property crime rates in the city decreased by nearly 22 percent in the past decade, although violent crime rates increased by 26.4 percent over the same period. Residents participating in the 2021 Resident and Client Community Survey identified drug use and property crimes as the top two challenges facing their neighborhoods.

Domain 9: Emergency Services

This section discussed emergency assistance available to Phoenix residents, including the city's Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), rental assistance, Community Services Block Grant (CSBG), Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF), and homeless services.

An estimated 423,000 Phoenix residents are eligible for LIHEAP assistance, but LIHEAP funding served less than 2 percent of the eligible population. The city developed a strategic plan to address homelessness and committed \$20 million annually to support this effort, including an additional \$10 million of Coronavirus Relief Funds (CARES Act). The city expected to provide emergency shelter services to 3,800 families with children, almost 1,100 women, over 4,500 men, and 100 medically vulnerable individuals in fiscal year 2022. Additionally, the city estimated that it will provide rental assistance to more than 11,600 households, and utility assistance to approximately 12,300 households. These are significant increases in the number of people served and come as a result of the federal ARPA and CARES Act funding.

According to the 2022 annual point in time homeless count, there were 3,096 unsheltered homeless individuals living in Phoenix as of January 2022, representing a 30.1 percent increase in the number of unsheltered individuals from the 2020 point in time count.

Domain 10: Services for Seniors

This section described demographics of Phoenix residents older than 60, supports available through HSD senior centers, income supports available through Social Security, and services available through the Area Agency on Aging.

As a group, older individuals were more affluent than other age groups. The poverty rate of seniors was 11 percent, which is significantly less than the city's overall 16.2 percent poverty rate. Income supports for older residents in the city included Social Security, which more than 153,000 retirees in the city received in 2020.

The City of Phoenix's 15 senior centers provide many services, including nutrition programs, educational opportunities, recreation and socialization programs, congregate meals and transportation. However, the senior centers were closed beginning in March of 2020, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and stayed closed for half of 2021. During the closure, seniors were able to get meals delivered to their homes and many recreation and socialization programs were delivered virtually. Senior centers reopened at 50 percent capacity in June 2021.

Domain 11: Services for Youth

This section described community amenities available to Phoenix's youth and their families, and select services available to youth by the City and other community partners.

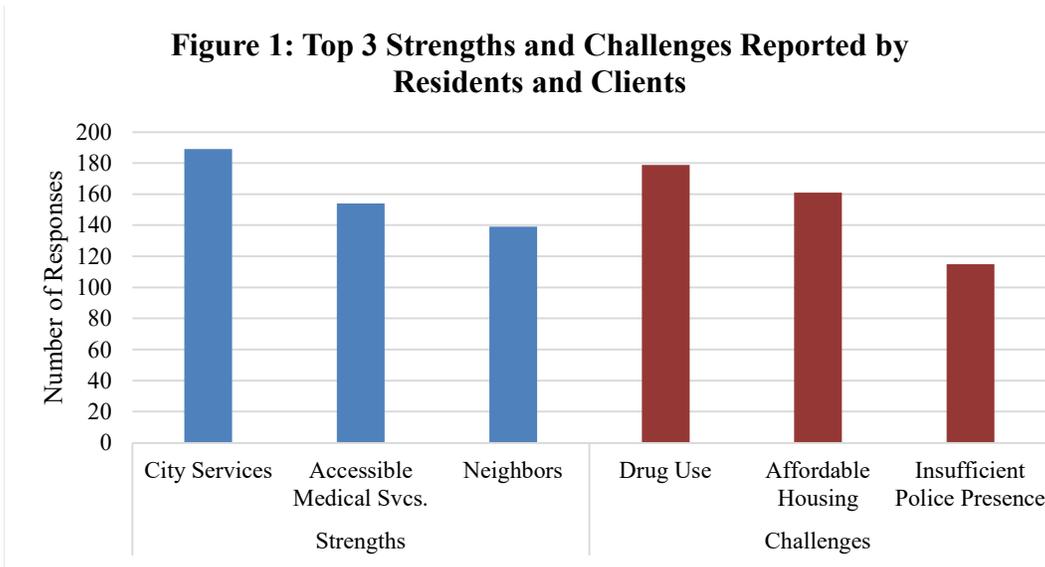
Phoenix offers a variety of recreational sites where youth can engage in a number of athletic, artistic, and educational pursuits outside of school hours, including more than 30 afterschool sites, 223 parks, 17 libraries, 33 community centers, and 29 public pools. Non-profit and charitable organizations such as the YMCA and Boys and Girls Club offer additional afterschool activities, including sports and recreation, art programs, homework assistance, and job training.

Resident and Client Community Survey Key Results

The 2022 Community Assessment sought input from community stakeholders, including residents, HSD clients, community providers, and HSD partners, about the community's greatest strengths and most significant needs. Input was gathered through a series of focus groups and two surveys that were administered to community stakeholders.

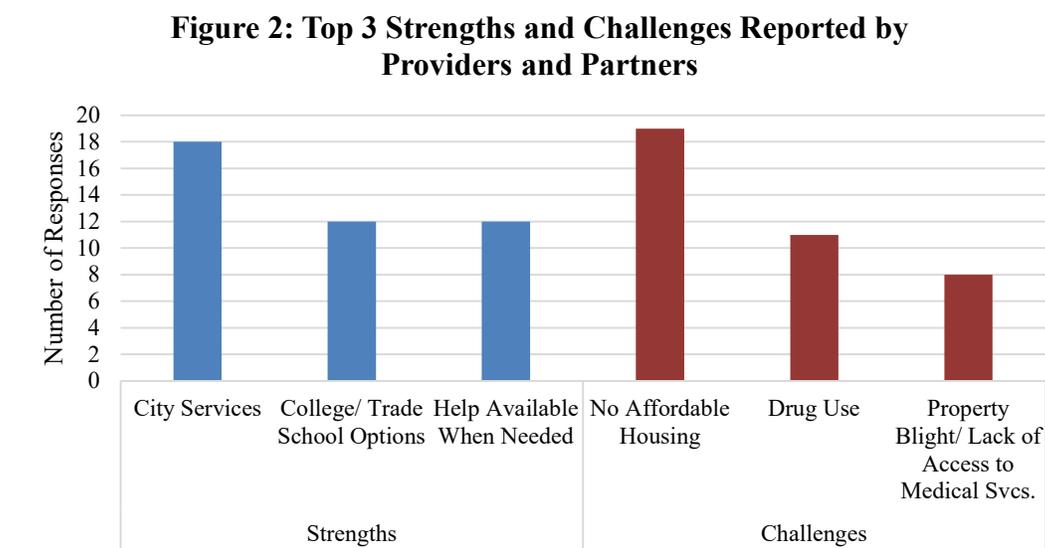
The 2021 Resident and Client Community Survey sought to gauge participants' opinions about the greatest strengths and needs of their local Phoenix community. As illustrated in Figure 1, participants identified City services and accessible medical services among their communities' greatest strengths, while reporting drug use and a lack of affordable housing among their communities' greatest challenges.

Figure 1: Top 3 Strengths and Challenges Reported by Residents and Clients



The 2021 Provider and Partner Survey was completed by 37 individuals or organizations representing a variety of sectors, including education, government, and healthcare. Figure 2 illustrates the three greatest strengths and challenges reported by respondents.

Figure 2: Top 3 Strengths and Challenges Reported by Providers and Partners



The remainder of this report provides updates to key data reported in the 2022 Community Assessment and includes additional information about changes to key programs designed to provide supports to low-income individuals and families.

Updates

As part of this interim assessment, the following sections provide updated information about the city’s demographic makeup, early learning programs; employment, income levels; housing; nutrition; health; and the availability of emergency services.

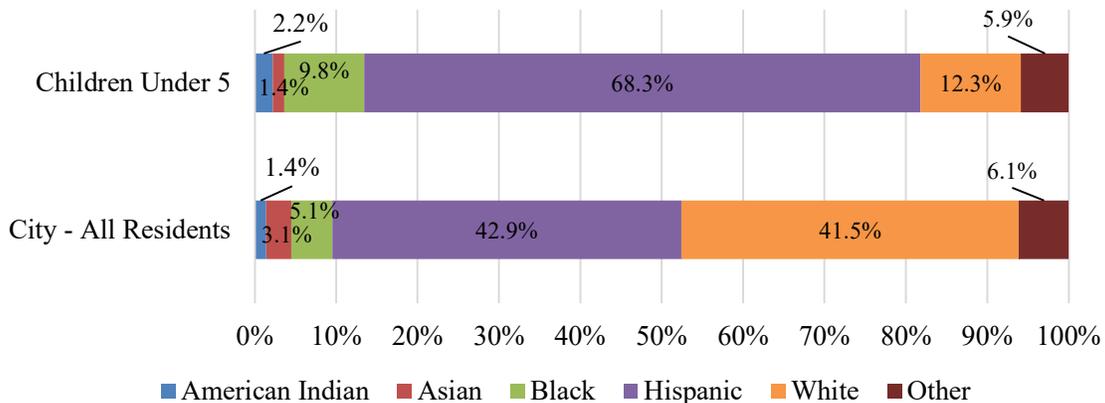
Demographic Data and Indicators

This update reflects the most recent data from the Census Bureau’s American Community Survey, covering the five-year period from 2017 to 2021. This data includes information collected during the pandemic.

Since the 2022 Community Assessment, the City’s population declined from 1,670,133 residents to 1,603,110 residents, a 4.2 percent decrease. More than a third of the decrease was attributed to residents and children under 19, while half was attributed to residents between 20 and 54 years old. Between 2010 and 2020, the rate of births per 1,000 residents in Maricopa County declined from 14.2 in 2010 to 11.1 in 2020.⁶ The number of adults 65 years and older also decreased, from 184,538 in 2020 to 178,352 in 2021.

The city’s racial and ethnic composition was similar to the composition reported in the 2022 Community Assessment. Figure 3 reveals that 42.9 percent of the city’s total residents and 68.3 percent of children under five are of Hispanic descent.⁷

Figure 3: Racial and Ethnic Composition of the City's Residents Compared to Residents Under 5 Years-Old



⁶ Arizona Department of Health Services. (2020). Advance Vital Statistics by County of Residence (Table T1: Number and Rate of Births and Deaths by County of Residence). Retrieved February 2023 from <https://pub.azdhs.gov/health-stats/report/avs/index.php>.

⁷ Analysis of American Community Survey. (2017-2021 5-Year Estimates). Tables B17020A - B17020I Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Age (and race or ethnicity).

The number of residents living in poverty decreased by nearly 1.0 percentage points between 2020 and 2021, including the number of children under five living in poverty. As illustrated in Figure 4, while most Phoenix villages saw decreases in poverty rates (ranging from less than two-tenths of a percentage point in Central City to a 1.5 percentage point decrease in Alhambra), four villages experienced increases ranging from one-tenth of a percent in North Gateway to 4.2 percent in Rio Vista. A variety of factors have contributed to the overall decrease in poverty rates, including income supplements from pandemic-era stimulus funding, enhanced unemployment benefits, increased minimum wage, and general wage inflation, among other factors.

Figure 4: Change in Rates of Poverty for the City and Planning Villages

Village	Total Residents (2021)	Total in Poverty (2021)	Pct. In Poverty (2021)	Pct. In Poverty (2020)	Pct. Pt. Change (2020-2021)
Phoenix	1,603,110	247,553	15.4%	16.2%	(0.8%)
Ahwatukee Foothills	79,291	5,629	7.1%	6.4%	0.7%
Alhambra	136,904	32,269	23.6%	25.1%	(1.5%)
Camelback East	143,023	17,562	12.3%	13.0%	(0.7%)
Central City	56,405	18,796	33.3%	33.5%	(0.2%)
Deer Valley	178,394	17,677	9.9%	10.5%	(0.6%)
Desert View	63,882	2,515	3.9%	4.2%	(0.3%)
Encanto	57,084	9,811	17.2%	18.6%	(1.4%)
Estrella	98,543	17,897	18.2%	18.4%	(0.2%)
Laveen	65,718	8,939	13.6%	13.1%	0.5%
Maryvale	236,592	48,434	20.5%	21.5%	(1.0%)
North Gateway	18,661	378	2.0%	1.9%	0.1%
North Mountain	169,869	29,054	17.1%	18.3%	(1.2%)
Paradise Valley	170,980	15,754	9.2%	9.8%	(0.6%)
Rio Vista	2,883	290	10.1%	5.8%	4.2%
South Mountain	124,882	22,547	18.1%	19.3%	(1.3%)

Poverty rates for different demographic groups in the city vary significantly. For example, 22.6 percent of children under 5 years old live in poverty compared to only 10.6 percent of those 65 years and older.⁸ Poverty rates for the American Indian, Hispanic, and Black/ African American populations are above 20 percent, compared to 10.5 percent for the Asian population and 9.4

⁸ Analysis of American Community Survey. (2017-2021 5-Year Estimates). Table B01001: Sex by Age and Table B17001: Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Sex by Age.

percent for the White population.⁹ Among residents 25 years and older, 23.6 percent of those who did not complete high school live in poverty compared to 5.0 percent of those with a bachelor's degree or higher.¹⁰

Early Learning

Preschool enrollment rates in Phoenix and in the State continue to lag national preschool enrollment rates. Nationally, 45.9 percent of 3 and 4-year-olds were enrolled in preschool in 2021, compared to only 36.3 percent across the State and 33.0 percent in the city.¹¹ Rates of preschool attendance have decreased since the 2022 Community Assessment, when 37.6 percent of preschoolers were enrolled statewide, and 33.9 percent were enrolled in the city.

The childcare subsidy program, administered by the Arizona Department of Economic Security, remains an important resource for children of low-income families to access childcare. In November 2022, DES increased its subsidy reimbursement levels for some age groups while continuing to provide for enhanced reimbursement levels that recognize the importance of childcare quality as measured by a provider's participation in an accrediting program or Arizona First Things First Quality First program administered by.¹² For example, the current rate schedule includes enhanced reimbursement rates over the standard rates, as follows:¹³

- 50 percent increase for providers with a First Things First (FTF) Quality First rating of three or more stars, or a recognized national accreditation
- 35 percent increase for family childcare providers who have a Child Development Associate (CDA) credential.

Among the providers that are eligible for the rate enhancements, 197 licensed centers across the city participate in Quality First and have obtained a rating of 3 or more stars as illustrated in Figure 5.¹⁴

⁹ Analysis of 2017-2021 5-Year Estimates from B17020A – B17020I (Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Age [and Race/ Ethnicity]) and B17001: Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Sex by Age.

¹⁰ Analysis of American Community Survey. (2017-2021 5-Year Estimates). Table B17003: Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months of Individuals by Sex by Educational Attainment.

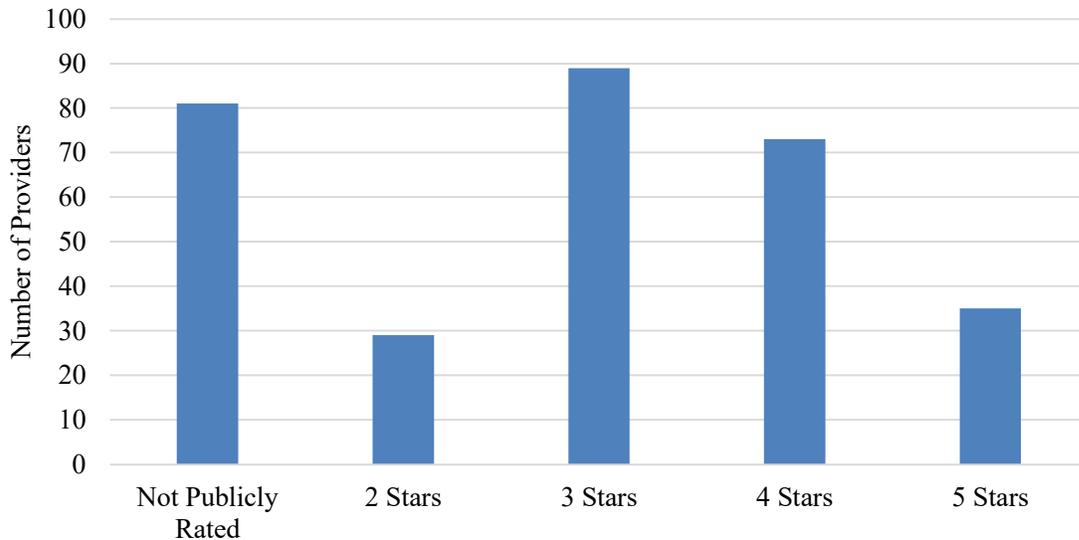
¹¹ American Community Survey. (2017-2021 5-Year Estimates). Table S1401: School Enrollment (3 to 4-year-olds enrolled in school).

¹² State of Arizona FY2023 Appropriations Report. Retrieved February 2023 from <https://www.azjlb.gov/budget/fy2023apprpt.pdf>.

¹³ Arizona Department of Economic Security. (November 2022). Maximum Reimbursement Rates for Child Care. Retrieved from https://des.az.gov/sites/default/files/dl/CCA-1227A_0.pdf?time=1675963524652.

¹⁴ Arizona First Things First Quality First Data Center. (2023). Queried February 2023 from <https://datacenter.azftf.gov/quality-first>.

Figure 5: Distribution of Quality First Providers in Phoenix by Star Rating in 2023



FTF funds scholarships for children of low-income families to attend a Quality First-rated provider’s program. In 2022, FTF funded 1,885 Quality First scholarships in its Phoenix North and Phoenix South regions.¹⁵

As a result of the pandemic, the State of Arizona received \$1.3 billion in supplemental Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) funding to support Arizona’s child care system from the federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, and ARPA. The funding is used to:

- Direct Child Care services (subsidies)
- Grants or Assistance to stabilize child care providers
- Provide relief for families from co-payments and tuition.
- Assistance to providers not participating in the subsidy system prior to the pandemic.¹⁶

The funding is expected to be expended by September 30, 2023 and as of October 2022, \$367 million had been expended.¹⁷

The City of Phoenix Head Start and Early Head Start are comprehensive school readiness programs which serve low-income families with children under 6 years old. Funding in fiscal

¹⁵ First Things First. (2022). 2022 Impact Reports for Phoenix South and Phoenix North Regional Partnership Councils. Retrieved <https://www.firstthingsfirst.org/what-we-do/publications/#impact>.

¹⁶ Retrieved from: <https://des.az.gov/sites/default/files/media/Arizona-Child-Care-Recovery-Plan.pdf?time=1677538566240>.

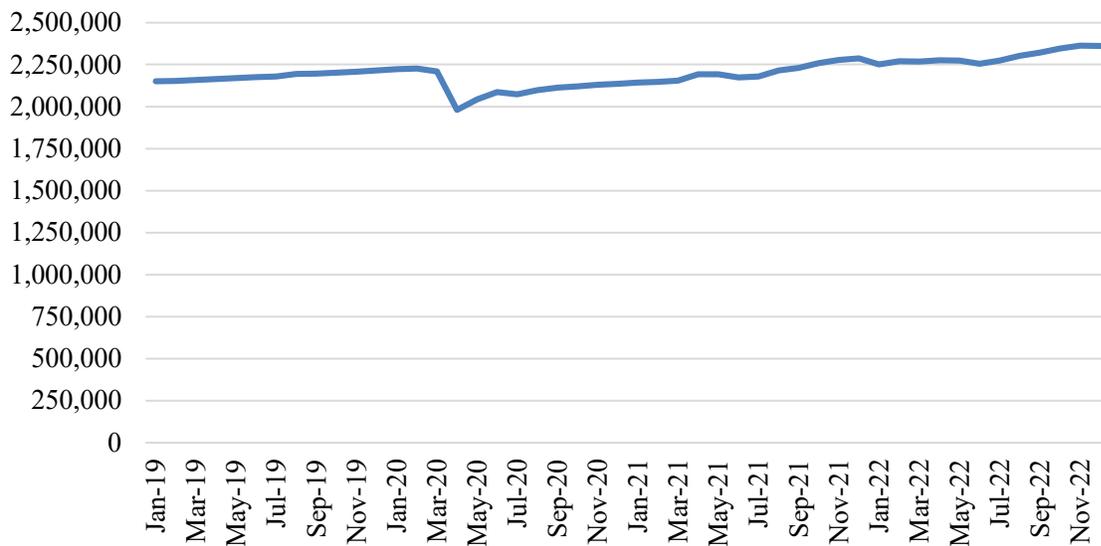
¹⁷ Retrieved from: <https://www.azjlb.gov/24baseline/des.pdf>.

year 2022 was \$44.2 million and is projected to be \$45.4 million in fiscal year 2023. Head Start funds 3,451 HSD slots, including 2,963 Head Start slots (26.9 percent of the number of eligible children, compared to 29.2 percent in the 2022 Community Assessment) and 488 Early Head Start slots (3.0 percent of the number of eligible children, compared to 2.9 percent in the 2022 Community Assessment).¹⁸

Employment

As described in the 2022 Community Assessment, from 2018 to 2022, the greater Phoenix region added more than 150,000 jobs, with the trade, transportation and utilities, financial activities, and construction sectors growing the fastest.^{19,20} In February 2020, there were 2,225,500 jobs in the greater Phoenix region, an all-time high. By April 2020, Phoenix had lost 244,300 jobs as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. More recently in December 2022, there were a total of 2,360,900 available jobs, a 6.1 percent growth rate compared to the pre-pandemic high in February 2020 and 91,600 (or 4 percent) more jobs than the 2022 Community Assessment. Figure 6 presents this data.

Figure 6: Number of Jobs in Phoenix Metropolitan Area, January 2019 - December 2022



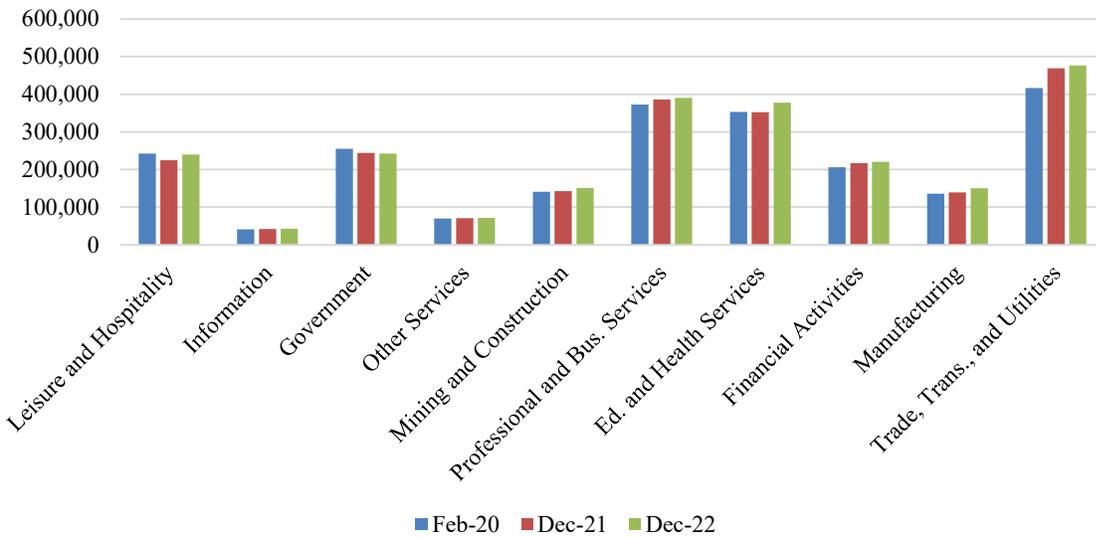
¹⁸ City of Phoenix. (n.d.). FY2022-23 Adopted Budget. Retrieved from https://www.phoenix.gov/budgetsite/budget-books/2022-23_Detail_Budget_Book.pdf.

¹⁹ Employment figures from the Arizona Commerce Authority are presented at different geographic area levels, where the Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale metropolitan area is applied for these estimates (Phoenix-only data is not available).

²⁰ Arizona Commerce Authority. (n.d.). Industry Employment and Wages. Retrieved from <https://www.azcommerce.com/oeo/labor-market/industry-employment/>.

As Figure 7 illustrates, jobs in the government and leisure and hospitality industries are still lower than the number available in February 2020, but have increased for all other sectors, adding 74,300 jobs since December 2021 and 127,400 jobs since February 2020.²¹

Figure 7: Jobs Available in Phoenix Metropolitan Area by Industry (February 2020 to December 2022)



Immediately prior to the pandemic in February 2020, the unemployment rate was 4.3 percent.²² The unemployment rate spiked to 13.2 percent in April 2020 following the onset of the pandemic but has since recovered and reached a low of 2.7 percent in December 2022.²³

The Arizona Commerce Authority projects the city of Phoenix will add more than 112,000 jobs by 2031 (compared to the number of jobs in 2021).²⁴ Figure 8 lists the ten industries with the largest projected job gains through 2031 within the city.

²¹ Arizona Commerce Authority. Nonfarm Employment (February 2020 – December 2022). Retrieved January 2023 from <https://www.azcommerce.com/oeo/labor-market/industry-employment/>.

²² Arizona Commerce Authority. (n.d.). Monthly Unemployment Trends (for City of Phoenix, not seasonally adjusted). Retrieved from <https://www.azcommerce.com/oeo/labor-market/unemployment/>.

²³ Ibid.

²⁴ Arizona Commerce Authority. (n.d.). 2020-2022 Arizona Occupational Projections (for the City of Phoenix). Retrieved from <https://www.azcommerce.com/oeo/labor-market/unemployment/>.

Figure 8: Occupations with Largest Projected Job Growth, 2021 - 2031

Occupation	Projected Job Growth
Health Care and Social Assistance	33,878
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services	17,966
Transportation and Warehousing	13,968
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	11,502
Construction	8,909
Manufacturing	8,621
Accommodation and Food Service	4,867
Self-Employed and Unpaid Family Workers	4,105
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	4,015
Information	3,070

Income

As shown in Figure 9, the overall percentage of households with incomes of less than \$35,000 decreased by 2.1 percentage points between 2020 and 2021 while residents with incomes above \$75,000 increased by 3.4 percentage points.²⁵

Figure 9: Distribution of Households by Income Level in 2020 and 2021



²⁵Analysis of American Community Survey. (2017-2021 5-Year Estimates). Table S1901: Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2021 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars).

In order to provide living wage estimates for various household compositions, the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) developed a calculator that estimates the income that would be necessary to meet basic needs, including food, childcare, health insurance, housing, transportation, and other basic necessities such as clothing and personal care items. The table in Figure 10 compares MIT’s current annual living wage estimate for the Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale metropolitan statistical area (MSA) to MIT’s living wage estimate presented in the 2022 Community Assessment.

Household Composition	Current Living Wage*	Living Wage – 2022 Needs Assessment*	Percent Change since 2022
1 Adult	\$38,043	\$32,056	18.7%
1 Adult, 1 Child	\$73,122	\$61,230	19.4%
1 Adult, 2 Children	\$90,301	\$73,639	22.6%
1 Adult, 3 Children	\$118,692	\$95,710	24.0%
2 Adults (1 works)	\$59,811	\$51,690	15.7%
2 Adults (1 works), 1 Child	\$74,255	\$60,832	22.1%
2 Adults (1 works), 2 Children	\$84,828	\$68,596	23.7%

*Required annual income before taxes.

The table indicates the required living wage in the region increased significantly over the past year, ranging from 15.7 percent for households with 2 adults and no children to as much as 24.0 percent for households with 1 adult and three children.

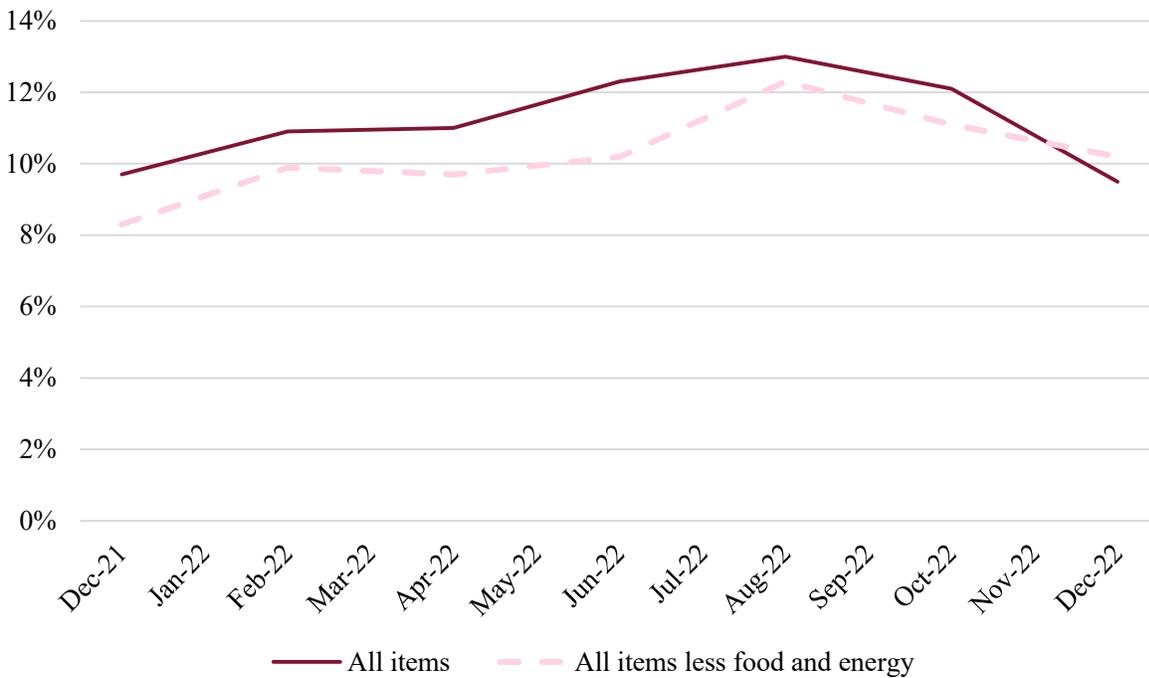
A single parent with two children working full-time and earning the current minimum wage (\$13.85 per hour or \$28,808 per year) would make only 31.9 percent of the living wage in the absence of public assistance. The MIT living wage calculator estimates that a single parent with two children will need more than \$38,000 to pay for the basic necessities of food, childcare, and housing in addition to other expenses (such as transportation and medical), expenses that are unaffordable to many lower income households. This gap demonstrates the importance of programs such as LIHEAP, SNAP, cash assistance, and childcare subsidies to supplement the income of lower-wage workers, particularly in the year since the 2022 Community Assessment when high rates of inflation have put additional strains on family budgets in the city. For example, between December 2021 and December 2022, the price of food increased by 10.6

²⁶Massachusetts Institute of Technology. (n.d.). Living Wage Calculation for Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ. Retrieved from <https://livingwage.mit.edu/metros/38060>.

percent while the cost of housing increased by 15.4 percent in the Phoenix metropolitan area.²⁷ Phoenix seniors that are receiving social security received an 8.7 percent increase in their Social Security benefits beginning in January 2023, which will help these residents with the increased cost of living expenses.²⁸

Figure 11 illustrates that the rate of inflation peaked at 13.0 percent for all items and 12.3 percent for all items less food and energy in August 2022 (compared to August 2021), while decreasing to 9.5 percent for all items and 10.2 percent for all items less food and energy as of December 2022 (compared to December 2021).

Figure 11: Over-the-year percent change in CPI-U, Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ, December 2021 – December 2022



Housing

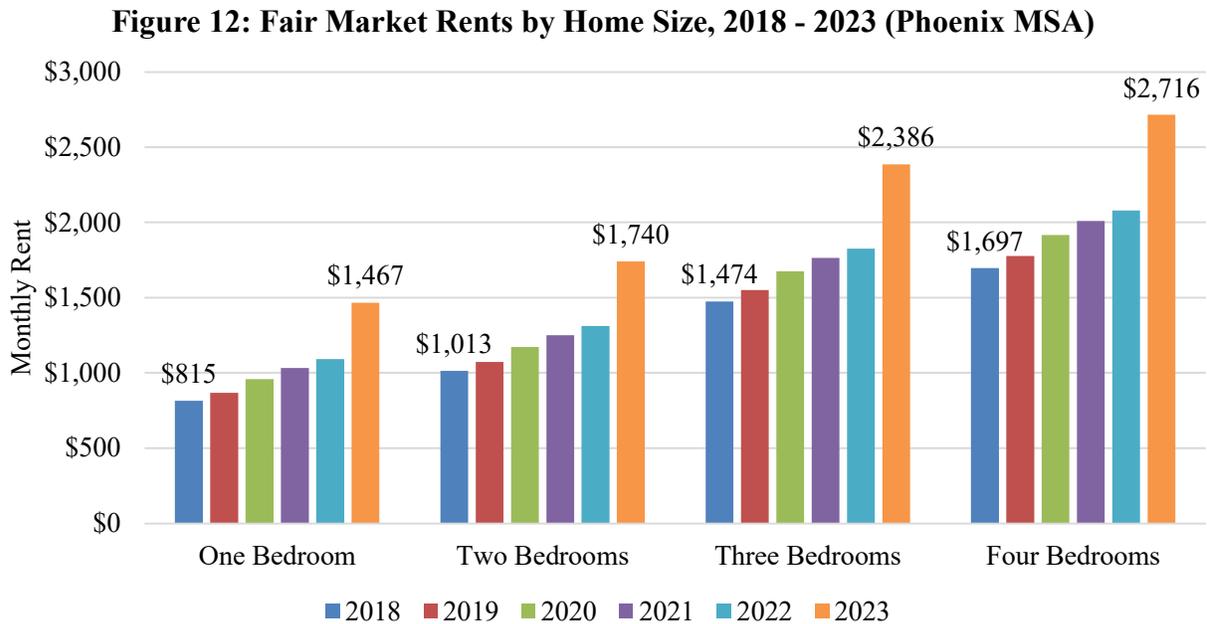
A review of the city’s housing market found that both the sales and rental markets continue to become less affordable for low-income families and residents. The median sales price for a single-family home increased from \$397,000 in April 2022 to \$400,426 in February 2023, an increase of 0.9 percent. This represents a much slower pace of growth than reported in the 2022

²⁷ United States Bureau of Labor Statistics. (December 2022). Consumer Price Index, Phoenix Area. Retrieved February 2023 from https://www.bls.gov/regions/west/news-release/consumerpriceindex_phoenix.htm.

²⁸ Social Security Administration. (October 2022). Retrieved February 2023 from <https://blog.ssa.gov/social-security-benefits-increase-in-2023/>

Community Assessment, but still renders the sales market unaffordable to many families earning the city’s median income.²⁹

Although housing costs for home buyers increased only slightly in the last year, the cost of rent increased substantially. The monthly fair market rent (FMR) increased between 30.7 percent for a 4-bedroom home to 34.5 percent for a 1-bedroom home in 2023 compared to the FMRs reported in the 2022 Community Assessment, as illustrated in Figure 12.³⁰



The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) identifies a “severe rent burden” as more than 50 percent of a household’s income spent on rent, making it more difficult to afford other expenses, such as food, clothing, transportation, and medical care.³¹ The monthly income for a family of four living at the 2023 poverty level is \$2,500, which means that a family would have to use nearly 70 percent of their income to rent a 2-bedroom home at the current FMR, while a 3-bedroom home would require 95 percent of the family’s monthly income.

²⁹ Zillow. (February 2023). Phoenix Home Prices & Values. Retrieved February 2023 from <https://www.zillow.com/home-values/40326/phoenix-az/>.

³⁰ U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. (2023). Fair Market Rents. Retrieved from https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/fmr/fmrs/FY2023_code/2023summary.odn. Note: the FMR is currently set at the 40th percentile, which is the dollar amount below which 40 percent of the standard-quality rental housing units are rented.

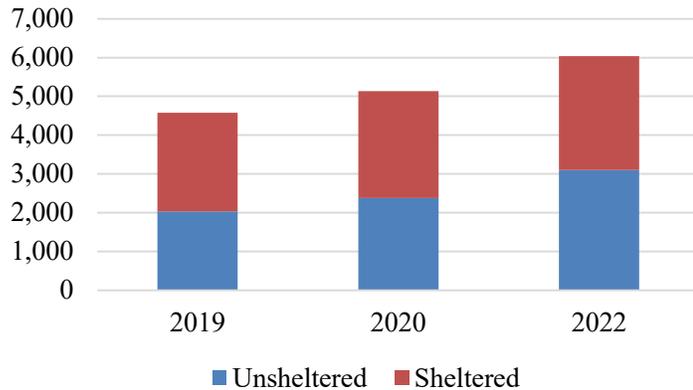
³¹ U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. (n.d.). Rental Burdens: Rethinking Affordability Measures. Retrieved from https://www.huduser.gov/portal/pdredge/pdr_edge_featd_article_092214.html#:~:text=HUD%20defines%20cost%20burdened%20families,of%20one's%20income%20on%20rent.

The Housing Opportunity Index (HOI) measures the share of homes sold in an area that are affordable for a family earning the local median income, based on standard mortgage underwriting criteria.³² Since 2012, when more than 80 percent of the homes were affordable for families earning the city’s median income, the index has declined precipitously to 18.3 as of the fourth quarter of 2022.³³

The City’s Housing Department manages 1,045 public housing units and more than 4,100 affordable housing units and administers over 7,300 Section 8 housing vouchers. However, the demand for affordable housing continues to exceed the supply the city can support. For example, as of January 2023, there were approximately 2,200 individuals on the waiting list for the City’s Section 8 vouchers.

As shown in Figure 13, the number of individuals experiencing homelessness in Phoenix grew from 4,578 in 2019 to 6,038 in 2022, a 31.9 percent increase based on the annual point-in-time count.³⁴ The number of homeless individuals who were unsheltered increased from 2,030 in 2019 to 3,096 in 2022, a 52.5 percent increase, which is an indication that additional shelter supports are needed. To help address this issue, the City of Phoenix, in partnership with Maricopa County and other agencies, created 592 new shelter beds in 2022 and has 800 more in the pipeline over the next two years.³⁵

Figure 13: Individuals Experiencing Homelessness in Phoenix



³²Wells Fargo and the National Association of Home Builders. Housing Opportunity Index (4th Quarter Reports – 2022). Retrieved from <https://www.nahb.org/News-and-Economics/Housing-Economics/Indices/Housing-Opportunity-Index>.

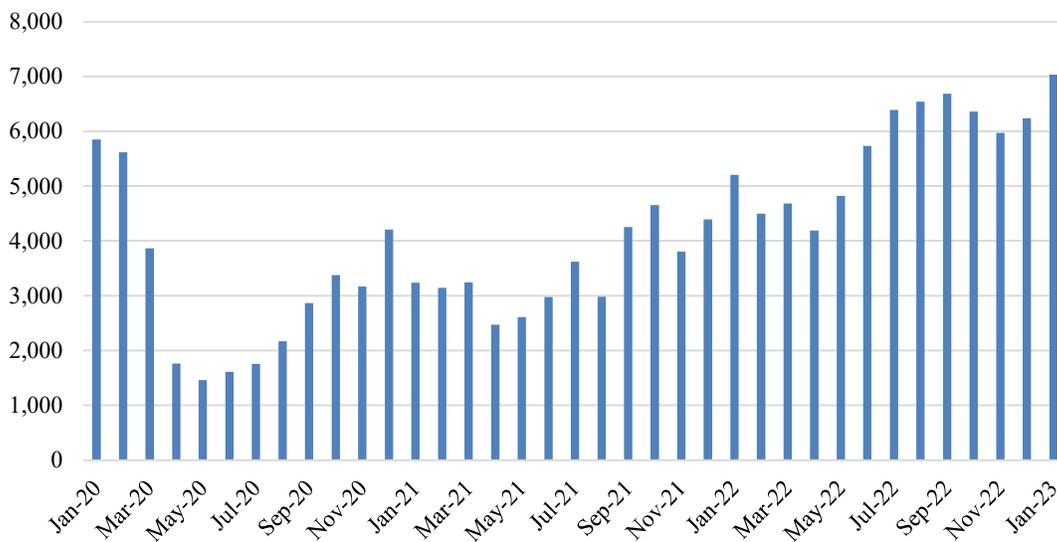
³³ National Association of Home Builders and Wells Fargo – Housing Opportunity Index. (December 2022). HOI by Affordability Rank. Retrieved February 2023 from <https://www.nahb.org/-/media/NAHB/news-and-economics/docs/housing-economics/hoi/2022-q4/7-rank-by-region-2022q4.xlsx>.

³⁴ Maricopa Association of Governments. (2022). 2022 Point-in-Time (PIT) Count Report – Maricopa Regional Continuum of Care. Retrieved from <https://azmag.gov/Portals/0/Documents/MagContent/2022-PIT-Count-Report-Final.pdf?ver=mHByGa3hHNtmeOOfMZxctA%3d%3d>. Due to the pandemic, the 2021 Point-in-Time Count was canceled.

³⁵Rihl, Juliette. The Arizona Republic. (February 17, 2023). Phoenix’s new homelessness office is prioritizing more shelter beds. Retrieved from <https://www.azcentral.com/story/news/local/phoenix/2023/02/17/phoenixs-new-homelessness-office-is-prioritizing-more-shelter-beds/69877264007/>.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention’s (CDC) moratorium on evictions expired on August 26, 2021. The moratorium prevented landlords from evicting tenants if the tenant met certain criteria, such as recently losing a job, incurring extraordinary out-of-pocket medical expenses, and when eviction might result in homelessness.³⁶ Figure 14 illustrates the number of eviction filings in Maricopa County between January 2020 and January 2023.³⁷ As the figure shows, as of July 2022, the number of evictions began to exceed the peak in January 2020 (for evictions occurring in the period), and more than 7,000 eviction filings were made as of January 2023.

Figure 14: Eviction Filings in Maricopa County (January 2020 - January 2023)



Nutrition

One area demonstrating the continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is the significant increase in the number of families receiving Supplemental Nutritional Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits. Prior to the pandemic in February 2020, 193,844 households in Maricopa County received SNAP benefits; as of April 2021, there were 240,532 households receiving benefits, an increase of 24.1 percent.³⁸ Since April 2021, there was a slight decrease in the number of households receiving SNAP benefits – a total of 229,322 households as of December

³⁶ Arizona Supreme Court. (n.d.). COVID-19 Processing Eviction Matters. Retrieved May 2021 from <https://www.azcourts.gov/selfservicecenter/Landlord-Tenant-Disputes-Eviction-Actions/COVID-19-Processing-Eviction-Matters> (see also form AOC EAGN23F-040521 – Declaration to Landlord for a Temporary Halt in Residential Eviction).

³⁷ Eviction Lab. (n.d.). Changes in Eviction Filings in Maricopa County. Retrieved February 2023 from <https://evictionlab.org/eviction-tracking/phoenix-az/>.

³⁸ Arizona Department of Economic Security. Family Assistance Administration Statistical Bulletins for February 2020 and April 2021. Retrieved June 2021 from <https://des.az.gov/documents-center?qt-content-tab=1>.

2022, a 4.6 percent decrease.³⁹ An additional impact on SNAP households was the end of federal emergency allotment (EA) in April 2022. The EA benefit provided a minimum of an additional \$95 per month of SNAP benefits. The elimination of this funding resulted in an average 20% reduction to a family's monthly SNAP benefit.⁴⁰

Additionally, families continue to face rising food prices as a result of economic inflation. For example, food prices increased by 10.6 percent overall from December 2021 to December 2022, while costs for meals prepared at home increased by 11.2 percent over the same period.⁴¹

An important nutritional support for Phoenix' low-income older residents is HSD's meal service program, in which HSD operates a home-delivered meals program for low-income homebound residents aged 60 years and older and to disabled adults, providing 300,000 meals annually. In addition, HSD estimates it will provide 72,000 meals at its 15 senior centers in 2023.⁴²

Health

Since the 2022 Community Assessment when it was reported that 87.0 percent of all Phoenix residents, and 93.0 percent of all children under 6 had health insurance, the health insurance rates among all residents declined by 1.8 percentage points to 85.2 percent, but increased slightly by 0.3 percentage points to 93.3 percent for children under 6.⁴³

Mental health issues increased significantly during initial stages of the COVID-19 pandemic with people experiencing anxiety, depressions, and suicidal thoughts.⁴⁴ Mental Health America, a community-based non-profit group, ranks states based on multiple mental health-related metrics for adults and youth, measuring the prevalence of mental health illnesses as well as mental health supports available within each state. Rankings are based on a combination of factors, including the number of individuals with substance use disorders, number of individuals with any mental illness who did not receive treatment or who are uninsured, and other metrics.

³⁹ Arizona Department of Economic Security. Family Assistance Administration Statistical Bulletins for December 2022. Retrieved January 2023 from <https://des.az.gov/documents-center?qt-content-tab=1>.

⁴⁰ Ibid.

⁴¹ United States Bureau of Labor Statistics. (December 2022). Consumer Price Index, Phoenix Area – December 2022. Retrieved February 2023 from https://www.bls.gov/regions/west/news-release/consumerpriceindex_phoenix.htm#table1.

⁴² City of Phoenix Human Service Department data (2023).

⁴³ American Community Survey. (2021 1-Year Estimate). Table S2701: Selected Characteristics of Health Insurance Coverage in the United States (Phoenix City).

⁴⁴ Mental Health America. COVID-19-19 and Mental Health: A Growing Crisis. Retrieved from <https://mhanational.org/sites/default/files/Spotlight%202021%20-%20COVID-19-19%20and%20Mental%20Health.pdf>

Figure 15 illustrates the State’s 2022 rankings as reported in the 2022 Community Assessment compared to the 2023 rankings overall and for select measures.

Figure 15: Arizona’s Mental Health Rankings for Adults and Youth⁴⁵		
	Arizona 2022 Ranking	Arizona 2023 Ranking
Adult Measurements		
<i>Overall ranking</i>	35th	49th
Any mental illness (AMI)	18th	42nd
Substance use disorder in past year	9th	28th
Serious thoughts of suicide in past year	36th	49th
AMI but did not receive treatment	37th	50th
AMI reporting an unmet need	42nd	49th
Youth Measurements		
<i>Overall ranking</i>	49th	29th
Substance use disorder in the past year	40th	15th
At least one major depressive (MDE) episode in the past year	43rd	25th
Severe major depressive episode	28th	30th
MDE but did not receive mental health services	48th	28th
Severe MDE but received some consistent treatment	47th	32nd
Students identified with emotional disturbance for an individualized education plan	27th	27th

As the table indicates, Arizona’s standing in supporting adults with mental health challenges decreased significantly between 2022 when the State ranked 35th to 2023 when the state slipped to 49th overall. Conversely, Arizona’s ranking for supporting youth with mental health challenges improved significantly between 2022 when the State ranked 49th to 2023 when the State ranked 29th. Supports such as the Arizona Department of Education’s \$21 million in federal emergency funding for schools to provide counselors and social workers are needed to help support improving mental health for students.⁴⁶

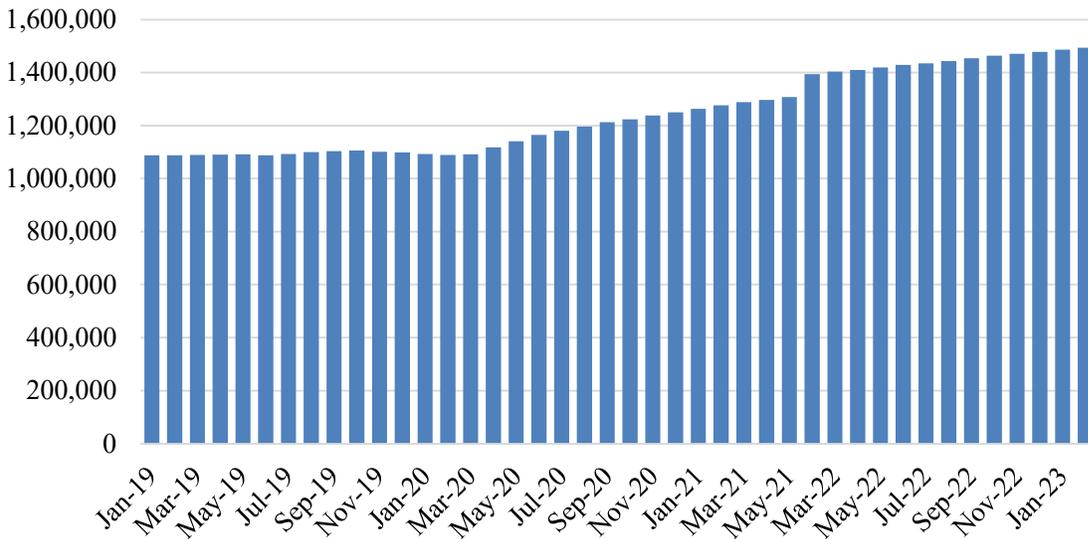
⁴⁵ Mental Health America. The State of Mental Health in America 2022 (retrieved from <https://mhanational.org/sites/default/files/2022%20State%20of%20Mental%20Health%20in%20America.pdf>) and The State of Mental Health in America 2023 (retrieved from <https://mhanational.org/sites/default/files/2023-State-of-Mental-Health-in-America-Report.pdf>).

⁴⁶ Mental Health Parity Collaborative, a national partnership between AZCIR and The Carter Center’s Rosalynn Carter Fellowships for Mental Health Journalism. (July 2022).

The nationwide suicide and crisis hotline, 9-8-8, was launched in late 2022 and in the first four months of operations, calls received from the hotline in the Phoenix area averaged over 17,000 calls per month and resulted in over 2,300 mobile team dispatches.⁴⁷

Enrollment in AHCCCS among residents of Maricopa County was relatively stable between January 2019 and March 2020, when total enrollment was just under 1.1 million residents. As a result of the pandemic, enrollment continually increased each month from April 2020 through May 2021, when total enrollment reached 1.3 million residents which is an increase of 19.8 percent. Since May 2021, enrollments in Maricopa County have continued to climb, reaching nearly 1.5 million residents as of February 2023, as illustrated in Figure 15.⁴⁸ During the pandemic, states suspended eligibility redeterminations so individuals with prior determinations did not lose medical coverage; however, beginning in March 2023, AHCCCS will resume eligibility redeterminations. AHCCCS estimates that more than 375,000 people in Maricopa County (more than 25 percent of the enrolled members) will lose AHCCCS medical coverage over the next year.⁴⁹

Figure 15: AHCCCS Enrollment of Maricopa County Residents, January 2019 - February 2023



⁴⁷ Solari Crisis and Human Services Dashboard. Retrieved from <https://public.tableau.com/app/profile/crisis.network/viz/AZ600StatewideDashboard/AZ600StatewideDashboard>
⁴⁸ Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System. Population by County reports (as of February 2023). Retrieved from <https://www.azahcccs.gov/Resources/Reports/population.html>.
⁴⁹ Arizona Republic. February 20, 2023. ‘It’s huge’: Starting April 1, more than 650,000 Arizonans Could Lose Medicaid Coverage

Emergency Services

Emergency assistance services funded through federal programs such as the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), Community Services Block Grant (CSBG), and Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) are intended to keep families out of poverty. The need for HSD services has always been significantly greater than available resources. Fiscal year 2023 funding levels for the ongoing major emergency services HSD grants are described below:

- The Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), which was administered by the City of Phoenix HSD until September 30, 2022 and is now administered by the Department of Economic Security, helps elderly and low-income people pay their heating and power bills. LIHEAP funding is \$3.4 million.⁵⁰
- The Community Services Block Grant (CSBG) funds various anti-poverty services, including assistance with rent and utility payments. CSBG base funding was \$1.47 million in fiscal year 2023.
- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) provides rent and utility assistance to low-income families in order to help them meet their living expenses. This funding has remained constant at \$985,710 annually.
- The Low Income Household Water Assistance Program administered by the Arizona Department of Economic Security provides funds to assist low-income households with water and wastewater bills. Funding is approximately \$260,000 per year and is estimated to serve 680 households annually.
- The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP) provides funding for food boxes for families. HSD is expected to serve over 1,000 households in fiscal year 2023 and 1,100 households in 2024.
- HSD receives funding of approximately \$94,000 annually from local utility companies (APS, SRP, and Southwest Gas) which provides utility assistance to almost 300 households.

Throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, the City received millions of dollars in one-time federal funds that enabled HSD to provide enhanced services to families and individuals in need. Much of the one-time funds have been expended or are planned to be fully expended by the end of fiscal year 2023. The loss of this funding will significantly reduce the amount of families HSD can serve. For fiscal years 2023 and 2024, it is anticipated the following one-time funding will be available:

- Federal Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA) funds of \$30 million will be utilized to further assist residents with the cost of rent and home utilities. This funding is expected to

⁵⁰ Arizona Department of Economic Security. State Fiscal Year 2023 Community Action Alerts (December 11, 2020 and June 6, 2022). Retrieved January 2023 from <https://des.az.gov/>.

be fully expended by June 30, 2023 and HSD will serve 3,800 household with rental assistance and 2,400 households with utility assistance.⁵¹

- American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding is providing approximately \$400,000 for fiscal years 2023 and 2024 that will allow HSD to provide rental assistance to 50 clients and utility assistance to 36 clients with funds fully expended in 2024.⁵²
- ARPA LIHEAP funding in the amount of \$1.34 million will allow HSD to provide utility assistance to almost 1,700 households.⁵³ This funding was fully expended by September 30, 2022.
- Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA) in the amount of \$200,000 will be utilized in fiscal year 2024 for housing assistance.
- Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) funds in the amount of \$250,000 will support 100 families to remain stably housed.

Conclusion

Since the 2022 Community Assessment, Phoenix has continued to rebound from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic in several key economic areas including job growth of 4.0 percent, an unemployment rate of only 2.7 percent, continued decreases in the overall poverty rate, and increased household incomes. A healthy job market and increased minimum wage coupled with supplemental income supports provided through pandemic-era funding such as the CARES Act, ERA, and ARPA have contributed to improvements in the lives of individuals and families across the city. For example, this funding has provided financial relief for many to assist with the cost of childcare, rent, utilities, and nutrition-related benefits such as enhanced SNAP. However, much of the one-time funding provided through pandemic-era federal grants will end in the near future.

The landscape for early learning also shows various signs of improvement and support through programs like the DES Child Care subsidy, with a rate structure that continues to reward higher quality, and the FTF Quality First program, which provided nearly 1,900 scholarships to children in Phoenix to attend a high-quality childcare program. However, there is growing need for greater Head Start and Early Head Start services as evidenced by the current funding supporting only 26.9 percent of eligible Head Start children and 3.0 percent of eligible Early Head Start children. A slight decrease in the percentage of children attending a preschool program in the city since the 2022 Community Assessment may be more closely related to the effects of the pandemic rather than a trend that will continue, but should be monitored to better understand the causes and potential impacts to the city's youngest residents.

⁵¹ City of Phoenix Human Service Department data (2023).

⁵² Ibid.

⁵³ Ibid.

The sharp rates of inflation in the past year, particularly the rise in housing, energy, and food-related costs continue to strain individual and family budgets despite these economic gains. Low-income households that have little discretionary income to address these rising costs, will continue to rely upon publicly funded supports offered through HSD and other local, state, and federal programs to supplement household income and meet their basic needs. As illustrated throughout this report and in the 2022 Community Assessment, public assistance programs have limited funding and can only reach a fraction of the eligible residents. Therefore, HSD services will continue to play a critical role in the lives of low-income families and individuals throughout the city.

Appendices

Appendix A-I: Select Demographics of Phoenix Residents by Village

	Arizona	Phoenix	Ahwatukee Foothills	Alhambra	Camelback East	Central City	Deer Valley	Desert View	Encanto	Estrella	Laveen	Maryvale	North Gateway	North Mountain	Paradise Valley	Rio Vista	South Mountain	
Total Residents	7,079,203	1,603,110	79,291	136,904	143,023	56,405	178,394	63,882	57,084	98,543	65,718	236,592	18,661	169,869	170,980	2,883	124,882	
Total Households	2,683,557	584,172	31,904	48,158	64,946	21,791	70,620	24,678	25,664	25,682	18,660	66,249	6,910	67,589	70,783	882	39,656	
Age																		
Under 5 years	412,606	108,020	3,723	10,118	7,767	3,920	10,927	4,412	3,030	8,822	5,710	17,654	1,375	12,054	9,672	89	8,747	
% of Total	5.8%	6.7%	4.7%	7.4%	5.4%	7.0%	6.1%	6.9%	5.3%	9.0%	8.7%	7.5%	7.4%	7.1%	5.7%	3.1%	7.0%	
5 to 14 years	920,264	228,162	10,754	20,880	17,033	7,363	22,210	9,087	6,201	17,334	12,290	42,996	3,181	20,242	18,868	477	19,245	
% of Total	13.0%	14.2%	13.6%	15.3%	11.9%	13.1%	12.5%	14.2%	10.9%	17.6%	18.7%	18.2%	17.0%	11.9%	11.0%	16.5%	15.4%	
15 to 19 years	476,470	113,140	5,024	11,427	6,962	5,193	11,018	3,591	3,214	8,576	5,430	21,999	884	10,389	9,112	125	10,194	
% of Total	6.7%	7.1%	6.3%	8.3%	4.9%	9.2%	6.2%	5.6%	5.6%	8.7%	8.3%	9.3%	4.7%	6.1%	5.3%	4.3%	8.2%	
20 to 24 years	477,856	112,787	4,306	10,706	9,173	5,387	10,592	3,552	4,011	8,228	3,700	21,563	750	13,466	8,344	108	8,904	
% of Total	6.8%	7.0%	5.4%	7.8%	6.4%	9.6%	5.9%	5.6%	7.0%	8.3%	5.6%	9.1%	4.0%	7.9%	4.9%	3.7%	7.1%	
25 to 34 years	966,670	258,911	10,736	19,823	29,416	11,424	29,939	7,163	11,891	17,646	9,904	35,494	2,664	26,253	26,309	363	19,888	
% of Total	13.7%	16.2%	13.5%	14.5%	20.6%	20.3%	16.8%	11.2%	20.8%	17.9%	15.1%	15.0%	14.3%	15.5%	15.4%	12.6%	15.9%	
35 to 44 years	882,914	221,581	10,082	18,941	20,637	7,073	25,136	9,159	8,876	14,765	9,646	32,638	2,994	22,196	21,860	489	17,088	
% of Total	12.5%	13.8%	12.7%	13.8%	14.4%	12.5%	14.1%	14.3%	15.5%	15.0%	14.7%	13.8%	16.0%	13.1%	12.8%	17.0%	13.7%	
45 to 54 years	838,963	202,452	13,195	16,133	18,607	5,844	23,943	9,722	8,168	10,998	8,315	26,776	2,817	20,574	21,812	468	15,080	
% of Total	11.9%	12.6%	16.6%	11.8%	13.0%	10.4%	13.4%	15.2%	14.3%	11.2%	12.7%	11.3%	15.1%	12.1%	12.8%	16.2%	12.1%	
55 to 64 years	859,601	179,704	10,903	14,112	15,266	5,523	22,357	8,072	5,792	7,525	5,568	20,883	2,021	21,466	26,138	302	13,776	
% of Total	12.1%	11.2%	13.8%	10.3%	10.7%	9.8%	12.5%	12.6%	10.1%	7.6%	8.5%	8.8%	10.8%	12.6%	15.3%	10.5%	11.0%	
65 to 74 years	731,373	112,095	6,888	8,932	10,269	2,925	14,798	5,597	4,324	2,938	3,871	10,577	1,662	13,419	17,774	354	7,767	
% of Total	10.3%	7.0%	8.7%	6.5%	7.2%	5.2%	8.3%	8.8%	7.6%	3.0%	5.9%	4.5%	8.9%	7.9%	10.4%	12.3%	6.2%	
75 years and over	512,486	66,257	3,681	5,833	7,893	1,753	7,474	3,526	1,576	1,710	1,283	6,013	314	9,811	11,090	107	4,192	
% of Total	7.2%	4.1%	4.6%	4.3%	5.5%	3.1%	4.2%	5.5%	2.8%	1.7%	2.0%	2.5%	1.7%	5.8%	6.5%	3.7%	3.4%	

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table S0101 Age and Sex.

Household Composition

Family: Married couple	1,270,166	242,975	16,212	17,051	20,359	4,604	32,270	14,347	7,222	12,048	10,481	29,402	4,134	24,867	33,185	488	16,308
% of Total	47.3%	41.6%	50.8%	35.4%	31.3%	21.1%	45.7%	58.1%	28.1%	46.9%	56.2%	44.4%	59.8%	36.8%	46.9%	55.3%	41.1%
Family: Male HH'er; no spouse	152,051	42,442	1,745	3,944	3,002	1,440	4,489	1,453	1,369	2,804	1,876	7,784	371	4,954	3,843	69	3,299
% of Total	5.7%	7.3%	5.5%	8.2%	4.6%	6.6%	6.4%	5.9%	5.3%	10.9%	10.1%	11.7%	5.4%	7.3%	5.4%	7.8%	8.3%
Fam: Female HH'er; no spouse	325,552	86,519	3,383	8,486	7,058	3,993	8,683	1,563	2,747	5,587	3,232	14,525	513	10,409	7,480	67	8,793
% of Total	12.1%	14.8%	10.6%	17.6%	10.9%	18.3%	12.3%	6.3%	10.7%	21.8%	17.3%	21.9%	7.4%	15.4%	10.6%	7.6%	22.2%
Non-Family: Male householder	454,330	108,860	5,081	10,128	17,913	6,623	12,072	3,187	7,679	3,316	1,439	8,240	688	14,129	12,648	144	5,572
% of Total	16.9%	18.6%	15.9%	21.0%	27.6%	30.4%	17.1%	12.9%	29.9%	12.9%	7.7%	12.4%	10.0%	20.9%	17.9%	16.3%	14.1%
Non-Family: Female householder	481,458	103,376	5,483	8,550	16,613	5,132	13,107	4,127	6,647	1,926	1,633	6,298	1,203	13,229	13,628	114	5,685
% of Total	17.9%	17.7%	17.2%	17.8%	25.6%	23.6%	18.6%	16.7%	25.9%	7.5%	8.8%	9.5%	17.4%	19.6%	19.3%	12.9%	14.3%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17017 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Household Type by Age of Householder.

Appendix A-I: Select Demographics of Phoenix Residents by Village

	Arizona	Phoenix	Ahwatukee Foothills	Alhambra	Camelback East	Central City	Deer Valley	Desert View	Encanto	Estrella	Laveen	Maryvale	North Gateway	North Mountain	Paradise Valley	Rio Vista	South Mountain
Total Residents	7,079,203	1,603,110	79,291	136,904	143,023	56,405	178,394	63,882	57,084	98,543	65,718	236,592	18,661	169,869	170,980	2,883	124,882
Total Households	2,683,557	584,172	31,904	48,158	64,946	21,791	70,620	24,678	25,664	25,682	18,660	66,249	6,910	67,589	70,783	882	39,656

Race/Ethnicity

American Indian/Alaska Native	216,305	22,747	1,067	2,470	2,424	845	2,013	61	1,589	1,313	447	2,984	42	3,808	1,232	21	2,431
% of Total	3.1%	1.4%	1.3%	1.8%	1.7%	1.5%	1.1%	0.1%	2.8%	1.3%	0.7%	1.3%	0.2%	2.2%	0.7%	0.7%	1.9%
Asian	174,591	49,066	4,573	3,869	3,702	828	9,307	4,419	1,510	888	2,243	2,008	759	4,546	8,224	137	2,054
% of Total	2.5%	3.1%	5.8%	2.8%	2.6%	1.5%	5.2%	6.9%	2.6%	0.9%	3.4%	0.8%	4.1%	2.7%	4.8%	4.8%	1.6%
Black/African American	227,562	81,206	4,301	7,145	7,160	3,855	5,177	1,397	2,781	5,111	8,125	9,286	598	9,031	4,188	11	13,040
% of Total	3.2%	5.1%	5.4%	5.2%	5.0%	6.8%	2.9%	2.2%	4.9%	5.2%	12.4%	3.9%	3.2%	5.3%	2.4%	0.4%	10.4%
Hispanic	2,260,074	687,142	12,410	71,171	45,450	32,589	34,851	4,609	24,255	75,934	32,888	183,016	2,813	57,459	33,847	353	75,498
% of Total	31.9%	42.9%	15.7%	52.0%	31.8%	57.8%	19.5%	7.2%	42.5%	77.1%	50.0%	77.4%	15.1%	33.8%	19.8%	12.2%	60.5%
Native Hawaiian/Other Islander	9,993	2,265	84	80	239	6	146	12	48	241	15	372	15	272	340	0	393
% of Total	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.0%	0.3%
White/Caucasian	3,789,649	665,246	50,510	43,875	75,622	14,795	116,451	49,852	23,308	10,236	15,480	30,133	13,522	83,695	114,646	2,260	20,859
% of Total	53.5%	41.5%	63.7%	32.0%	52.9%	26.2%	65.3%	78.0%	40.8%	10.4%	23.6%	12.7%	72.5%	49.3%	67.1%	78.4%	16.7%
Two or More Races	367,176	87,440	5,834	7,600	7,720	3,195	9,609	3,237	3,309	4,416	5,955	8,023	818	10,126	7,789	92	9,717
% of Total	5.2%	5.5%	7.4%	5.6%	5.4%	5.7%	5.4%	5.1%	5.8%	4.5%	9.1%	3.4%	4.4%	6.0%	4.6%	3.2%	7.8%
Other	33,853	7,999	511	692	707	291	840	295	284	404	564	769	95	932	715	9	890
% of Total	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%	0.9%	0.3%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	0.7%

Sources: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Tables B17020A - B17020I Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Age (and race or ethnicity).

Citizenship

Citizen	6,582,875	1,412,326	75,659	115,621	129,795	47,425	166,204	61,087	49,131	81,108	59,896	187,061	18,037	154,880	155,485	2,752	108,185
% of Total	93.0%	88.1%	95.4%	84.5%	90.8%	84.1%	93.2%	95.6%	86.1%	82.3%	91.1%	79.1%	96.7%	91.2%	90.9%	95.5%	86.6%
Non-Citizen	496,328	190,784	3,632	21,283	13,228	8,980	12,190	2,795	7,954	17,435	5,822	49,531	624	14,988	15,495	130	16,697
% of Total	7.0%	11.9%	4.6%	15.5%	9.2%	15.9%	6.8%	4.4%	13.9%	17.7%	8.9%	20.9%	3.3%	8.8%	9.1%	4.5%	13.4%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B05001 Nativity and Citizenship Status in the United States.

Language at Home (Residents 5 and Older)

English Only	4,893,977	943,661	62,601	68,859	98,397	28,098	131,823	51,429	34,211	34,577	36,348	78,576	15,064	112,773	124,697	2,286	63,922
% of Total	73.4%	63.1%	82.8%	54.3%	72.7%	53.5%	78.7%	86.5%	63.3%	38.5%	60.6%	35.9%	87.1%	71.5%	77.3%	81.8%	55.0%
Spanish	1,342,767	453,455	5,938	49,481	29,142	22,113	17,765	1,742	15,754	52,745	18,898	134,930	892	35,205	20,976	253	47,621
% of Total	20.1%	30.3%	7.9%	39.0%	21.5%	42.1%	10.6%	2.9%	29.1%	58.8%	31.5%	61.6%	5.2%	22.3%	13.0%	9.1%	41.0%
All Other Languages	429,853	97,974	7,030	8,445	7,718	2,273	17,880	6,298	4,089	2,398	4,761	5,432	1,330	9,837	15,635	254	4,592
% of Total	6.4%	6.6%	9.3%	6.7%	5.7%	4.3%	10.7%	10.6%	7.6%	2.7%	7.9%	2.5%	7.7%	6.2%	9.7%	9.1%	4.0%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table S1601 Language Spoken at Home.

Appendix A-I: Select Demographics of Phoenix Residents by Village

	Arizona	Phoenix	Ahwatukee Foothills	Alhambra	Camelback East	Central City	Deer Valley	Desert View	Encanto	Estrella	Laveen	Maryvale	North Gateway	North Mountain	Paradise Valley	Rio Vista	South Mountain
Total Residents	7,079,203	1,603,110	79,291	136,904	143,023	56,405	178,394	63,882	57,084	98,543	65,718	236,592	18,661	169,869	170,980	2,883	124,882
Total Households	2,683,557	584,172	31,904	48,158	64,946	21,791	70,620	24,678	25,664	25,682	18,660	66,249	6,910	67,589	70,783	882	39,656

Limited English Speaking (Households)

Spanish Only	71,279	23,656	306	3,019	1,823	1,469	997	38	995	2,167	421	6,937	0	1,892	1,565	0	2,027
% of Total	2.7%	4.0%	1.0%	6.3%	2.8%	6.7%	1.4%	0.2%	3.9%	8.4%	2.3%	10.5%	0.0%	2.8%	2.2%	0.0%	5.1%
Other Lang. Only	27,880	6,883	349	1,252	437	178	959	248	516	29	189	615	67	906	962	6	169
% of Total	1.0%	1.2%	1.1%	2.6%	0.7%	0.8%	1.4%	1.0%	2.0%	0.1%	1.0%	0.9%	1.0%	1.3%	1.4%	0.6%	0.4%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table C16002 Household Language by Household Limited English Speaking Status.

Educational Attainment (Age 25+)

Less than high school graduation	560,460	171,101	1,370	19,198	10,799	9,926	9,626	836	6,373	16,885	5,390	46,193	517	15,728	9,306	196	18,757
% of Total	11.7%	16.4%	2.5%	22.9%	10.6%	28.7%	7.8%	1.9%	15.7%	30.4%	14.0%	34.9%	4.1%	13.8%	7.4%	9.4%	24.1%
High School graduates	1,125,498	238,688	7,102	20,328	18,656	8,411	27,967	4,830	7,149	18,498	10,345	41,542	1,666	27,197	22,835	492	21,670
% of Total	23.5%	22.9%	12.8%	24.3%	18.3%	24.4%	22.6%	11.2%	17.6%	33.3%	26.8%	31.4%	13.4%	23.9%	18.3%	23.6%	27.9%
Some college, associates degree	1,610,633	312,928	16,993	24,257	27,756	8,149	45,480	11,761	11,387	14,409	13,109	32,820	4,106	39,774	39,609	725	22,593
% of Total	33.6%	30.1%	30.6%	29.0%	27.2%	23.6%	36.8%	27.2%	28.0%	25.9%	34.0%	24.8%	32.9%	35.0%	31.7%	34.8%	29.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher	1,495,416	318,284	30,020	19,991	44,878	8,055	40,575	25,812	15,720	5,790	9,743	11,824	6,182	31,019	53,233	671	14,771
% of Total	31.2%	30.6%	54.1%	23.9%	44.0%	23.3%	32.8%	59.7%	38.7%	10.4%	25.2%	8.9%	49.6%	27.3%	42.6%	32.2%	19.0%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table S1501 Educational Attainment.

Employment (Age 16 and Older in Civilian Labor Force)

Employed	3,276,115	808,332	43,336	63,814	83,230	27,644	96,350	34,086	32,327	46,123	29,835	105,972	9,616	83,299	93,118	1,251	58,331
% of Total	58.0%	65.0%	67.9%	61.6%	71.2%	62.7%	67.4%	68.6%	68.5%	65.3%	64.0%	61.8%	69.0%	61.5%	66.2%	54.6%	61.5%
Not Employed	2,374,924	435,969	20,474	39,806	33,601	16,439	46,704	15,579	14,883	24,548	16,797	65,570	4,312	52,196	47,499	1,040	36,520
% of Total	42.0%	35.0%	32.1%	38.4%	28.8%	37.3%	32.6%	31.4%	31.5%	34.7%	36.0%	38.2%	31.0%	38.5%	33.8%	45.4%	38.5%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17005 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months of Individuals by Sex by Employment Status.

Appendix A-I: Select Demographics of Phoenix Residents by Village

	Arizona	Phoenix	Ahwatukee Foothills	Alhambra	Camelback East	Central City	Deer Valley	Desert View	Encanto	Estrella	Laveen	Maryvale	North Gateway	North Mountain	Paradise Valley	Rio Vista	South Mountain	
Total Residents	7,079,203	1,603,110	79,291	136,904	143,023	56,405	178,394	63,882	57,084	98,543	65,718	236,592	18,661	169,869	170,980	2,883	124,882	
Total Households	2,683,557	584,172	31,904	48,158	64,946	21,791	70,620	24,678	25,664	25,682	18,660	66,249	6,910	67,589	70,783	882	39,656	
Income (Households)																		
Less than \$15,000	238,737	48,827	1,454	5,894	5,117	4,354	4,324	813	3,087	1,788	737	5,295	157	6,714	4,300	62	4,731	
% of Total	8.9%	8.4%	4.6%	12.2%	7.9%	20.0%	6.1%	3.3%	12.0%	7.0%	3.9%	8.0%	2.3%	9.9%	6.1%	7.0%	11.9%	
\$15,000 to \$24,999	207,011	44,047	1,270	5,102	4,779	2,898	4,889	935	1,997	1,667	730	6,109	133	6,155	4,774	52	2,557	
% of Total	7.7%	7.5%	4.0%	10.6%	7.4%	13.3%	6.9%	3.8%	7.8%	6.5%	3.9%	9.2%	1.9%	9.1%	6.7%	5.9%	6.4%	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	228,032	51,604	1,679	5,746	6,093	2,920	5,399	885	2,181	2,677	1,215	7,337	218	7,317	4,668	0	3,268	
% of Total	8.5%	8.8%	5.3%	11.9%	9.4%	13.4%	7.6%	3.6%	8.5%	10.4%	6.5%	11.1%	3.2%	10.8%	6.6%	0.0%	8.2%	
\$35,000 to \$49,999	338,076	78,821	2,764	6,979	8,931	2,675	8,740	1,459	3,712	3,861	1,833	12,143	572	10,452	8,707	65	5,927	
% of Total	12.6%	13.5%	8.7%	14.5%	13.7%	12.3%	12.4%	5.9%	14.5%	15.0%	9.8%	18.3%	8.3%	15.5%	12.3%	7.4%	14.9%	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	488,152	106,072	4,903	8,873	11,232	3,540	12,755	2,629	4,960	5,197	3,754	14,283	1,138	13,424	11,431	96	7,855	
% of Total	18.2%	18.2%	15.4%	18.4%	17.3%	16.2%	18.1%	10.7%	19.3%	20.2%	20.1%	21.6%	16.5%	19.9%	16.2%	10.9%	19.8%	
\$75,000 to \$99,999	361,487	78,956	4,856	5,145	7,868	2,156	10,808	3,493	3,899	4,460	3,515	9,464	949	7,844	9,324	162	5,012	
% of Total	13.5%	13.5%	15.2%	10.7%	12.1%	9.9%	15.3%	14.2%	15.2%	17.4%	18.8%	14.3%	13.7%	11.6%	13.2%	18.4%	12.6%	
\$100,000 or more	822,052	175,879	14,985	10,410	20,938	3,248	23,705	14,470	5,832	6,034	6,874	11,614	3,740	15,699	27,574	445	10,311	
% of Total	30.6%	30.1%	47.0%	21.6%	32.2%	14.9%	33.6%	58.6%	22.7%	23.5%	36.8%	17.5%	54.1%	23.2%	39.0%	50.4%	26.0%	

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table S1901 Income in the Past 12 Months (in 2021 Inflation-Adjusted Dollars).

Appendix A-II: Select Demographics of Phoenix Residents Living in Poverty by Village*

	Arizona	Phoenix	Ahwatukee Foothills	Alhambra	Camelback East	Central City	Deer Valley	Desert View	Encanto	Estrella	Laveen	Maryvale	North Gateway	North Mountain	Paradise Valley	Rio Vista	South Mountain	
Total Residents	969,900	247,553	5,629	32,269	17,562	18,796	17,677	2,515	9,811	17,897	8,939	48,434	378	29,054	15,754	290	22,547	
Total Households	331,816	76,426	2,096	9,454	7,085	6,277	6,296	1,048	4,035	4,001	1,846	11,772	196	9,689	5,566	93	6,974	
Age																		
Under 5 years	84,064	24,399	394	3,567	1,122	2,057	1,853	87	496	2,198	992	5,618	0	2,808	998	0	2,210	
% of Total	8.7%	9.9%	7.0%	11.1%	6.4%	10.9%	10.5%	3.4%	5.1%	12.3%	11.1%	11.6%	0.0%	9.7%	6.3%	0.0%	9.8%	
5 to 14 years	172,607	52,605	1,217	6,933	3,275	3,396	2,455	354	1,675	4,868	2,531	12,545	31	5,645	2,701	94	4,885	
% of Total	17.8%	21.2%	21.6%	21.5%	18.6%	18.1%	13.9%	14.1%	17.1%	27.2%	28.3%	25.9%	8.1%	19.4%	17.1%	32.3%	21.7%	
15 to 17 years	47,479	14,743	277	2,496	819	950	1,011	86	356	806	513	3,483	4	1,259	794	16	1,874	
% of Total	4.9%	6.0%	4.9%	7.7%	4.7%	5.1%	5.7%	3.4%	3.6%	4.5%	5.7%	7.2%	1.0%	4.3%	5.0%	5.4%	8.3%	
18 to 24 years	137,221	27,160	518	3,790	1,717	2,771	2,370	355	947	1,892	694	5,090	114	3,417	1,196	0	2,290	
% of Total	14.1%	11.0%	9.2%	11.7%	9.8%	14.7%	13.4%	14.1%	9.6%	10.6%	7.8%	10.5%	30.0%	11.8%	7.6%	0.0%	10.2%	
25 to 34 years	129,484	35,804	661	4,055	3,134	2,843	3,057	175	1,934	2,622	1,524	6,003	73	4,500	2,638	14	2,570	
% of Total	13.4%	14.5%	11.7%	12.6%	17.8%	15.1%	17.3%	7.0%	19.7%	14.7%	17.0%	12.4%	19.2%	15.5%	16.7%	4.9%	11.4%	
35 to 44 years	102,316	29,446	937	3,913	1,875	1,800	2,357	425	1,168	2,299	1,070	6,078	20	3,021	1,767	33	2,682	
% of Total	10.5%	11.9%	16.6%	12.1%	10.7%	9.6%	13.3%	16.9%	11.9%	12.8%	12.0%	12.5%	5.4%	10.4%	11.2%	11.4%	11.9%	
45 to 54 years	84,034	22,797	487	3,221	1,576	1,511	1,697	350	1,250	1,389	660	4,022	31	2,894	1,465	51	2,192	
% of Total	8.7%	9.2%	8.6%	10.0%	9.0%	8.0%	9.6%	13.9%	12.7%	7.8%	7.4%	8.3%	8.3%	10.0%	9.6%	17.7%	9.7%	
55 to 64 years	97,915	21,663	482	2,419	1,618	1,812	1,600	294	1,187	972	534	3,456	94	3,063	1,983	62	2,087	
% of Total	10.1%	8.8%	8.6%	7.5%	9.2%	9.6%	9.1%	11.7%	12.1%	5.4%	6.0%	7.1%	24.9%	10.5%	12.6%	21.4%	9.3%	
65 to 74 years	63,519	10,558	256	1,179	1,024	845	675	169	362	619	311	1,303	10	1,349	1,231	20	1,207	
% of Total	6.5%	4.3%	4.6%	3.7%	5.8%	4.5%	3.8%	6.7%	3.7%	3.5%	3.5%	2.7%	2.6%	4.6%	7.8%	6.8%	5.4%	
75 years and over	51,262	8,378	399	695	1,403	810	603	220	437	231	111	837	2	1,098	981	0	551	
% of Total	5.3%	3.4%	7.1%	2.2%	8.0%	4.3%	3.4%	8.7%	4.5%	1.3%	1.2%	1.7%	0.5%	3.8%	6.2%	0.0%	2.4%	

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17001 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Sex and Age.

Household Composition

Family: Married couple	68,282	15,740	549	1,910	939	862	1,238	282	675	1,152	556	3,709	19	1,706	1,079	24	1,040
% of Total	20.6%	20.6%	26.2%	20.2%	13.3%	13.7%	19.7%	26.9%	16.7%	28.8%	30.1%	31.5%	9.5%	17.6%	19.4%	26.3%	14.9%
Family: Male HH'er; no spouse	20,896	5,773	108	990	295	305	405	17	119	413	289	1,100	9	770	262	34	658
% of Total	6.3%	7.6%	5.1%	10.5%	4.2%	4.9%	6.4%	1.6%	2.9%	10.3%	15.7%	9.3%	4.4%	7.9%	4.7%	37.1%	9.4%
Fam: Female HH'er; no spouse	77,652	21,083	427	2,810	1,361	1,727	1,672	80	713	1,437	750	4,112	5	2,700	1,013	0	2,277
% of Total	23.4%	27.6%	20.4%	29.7%	19.2%	27.5%	26.6%	7.7%	17.7%	35.9%	40.6%	34.9%	2.3%	27.9%	18.2%	0.2%	32.7%
Non-Family: Male householder	74,737	15,897	325	1,983	2,069	1,704	1,458	283	1,204	489	75	1,328	77	2,159	1,475	0	1,269
% of Total	22.5%	20.8%	15.5%	21.0%	29.2%	27.2%	23.2%	27.0%	29.9%	12.2%	4.0%	11.3%	39.5%	22.3%	26.5%	0.0%	18.2%
Non-Family: Female householder	90,249	17,933	687	1,760	2,420	1,680	1,523	386	1,325	511	176	1,523	87	2,355	1,738	34	1,729
% of Total	27.2%	23.5%	32.8%	18.6%	34.2%	26.8%	24.2%	36.8%	32.8%	12.8%	9.5%	12.9%	44.4%	24.3%	31.2%	36.4%	24.8%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17017 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Household Type by Age of Householder.

Appendix A-II: Select Demographics of Phoenix Residents Living in Poverty by Village*

	Arizona	Phoenix	Ahwatukee Foothills	Alhambra	Camelback East	Central City	Deer Valley	Desert View	Encanto	Estrella	Laveen	Maryvale	North Gateway	North Mountain	Paradise Valley	Rio Vista	South Mountain	
Total Residents	969,900	247,553	5,629	32,269	17,562	18,796	17,677	2,515	9,811	17,897	8,939	48,434	378	29,054	15,754	290	22,547	
Total Households	331,816	76,426	2,096	9,454	7,085	6,277	6,296	1,048	4,035	4,001	1,846	11,772	196	9,689	5,566	93	6,974	
Race/Ethnicity																		
American Indian/Alaska Native	63,076	5,583	135	925	308	390	682	0	402	279	81	710	9	801	370	0	491	
% of Total	6.5%	2.3%	2.4%	2.9%	1.8%	2.1%	3.9%	0.0%	4.1%	1.6%	0.9%	1.5%	2.4%	2.8%	2.3%	0.0%	2.2%	
Asian	17,410	5,137	192	691	408	183	530	337	360	22	270	327	10	1,077	463	0	267	
% of Total	1.8%	2.1%	3.4%	2.1%	2.3%	1.0%	3.0%	13.4%	3.7%	0.1%	3.0%	0.7%	2.7%	3.7%	2.9%	0.0%	1.2%	
Black/African American	39,361	17,277	763	2,245	1,070	1,850	540	12	619	847	1,548	2,086	3	2,175	699	11	2,810	
% of Total	4.1%	7.0%	13.6%	7.0%	6.1%	9.8%	3.1%	0.5%	6.3%	4.7%	17.3%	4.3%	0.7%	7.5%	4.4%	3.9%	12.5%	
Hispanic	417,073	141,924	1,177	19,892	8,784	10,795	5,115	186	4,363	14,959	4,984	39,455	29	11,841	5,444	1	14,899	
% of Total	43.0%	57.3%	20.9%	61.6%	50.0%	57.4%	28.9%	7.4%	44.5%	83.6%	55.8%	81.5%	7.7%	40.8%	34.6%	0.2%	66.1%	
Native Hawaiian/Other Islander	1,237	289	0	43	89	6	0	0	9	10	4	28	0	33	41	0	26	
% of Total	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%	
White/Caucasian	354,477	62,726	2,718	6,228	5,895	4,065	9,842	1,937	3,361	1,035	1,231	4,373	302	10,721	8,153	278	2,586	
% of Total	36.5%	25.3%	48.3%	19.3%	33.6%	21.6%	55.7%	77.0%	34.3%	5.8%	13.8%	9.0%	79.7%	36.9%	51.8%	95.9%	11.5%	
Two or More Races	70,744	13,393	614	2,069	919	1,381	916	16	657	685	738	1,305	5	2,200	538	0	1,349	
% of Total	7.3%	5.4%	10.9%	6.4%	5.2%	7.3%	5.2%	0.6%	6.7%	3.8%	8.3%	2.7%	1.4%	7.6%	3.4%	0.0%	6.0%	
Other	6,523	1,222	30	176	90	124	52	26	39	60	83	150	20	206	46	0	118	
% of Total	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.7%	0.3%	1.1%	0.4%	0.3%	0.9%	0.3%	5.3%	0.7%	0.3%	0.0%	0.5%	

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Tables B17020A - B17020I Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Age (and race or ethnicity).

Citizenship

Citizen	865,117	207,193	5,205	26,048	14,678	15,992	16,212	2,270	7,954	14,096	7,931	37,012	368	25,669	13,755	290	19,713
% of Total	89.2%	83.7%	92.5%	80.7%	83.6%	85.1%	91.7%	90.2%	81.1%	78.8%	88.7%	76.4%	97.3%	88.3%	87.3%	100.0%	87.4%
Non-Citizen	104,783	40,359	423	6,221	2,884	2,804	1,466	246	1,857	3,800	1,007	11,422	10	3,385	1,999	0	2,834
% of Total	10.8%	16.3%	7.5%	19.3%	16.4%	14.9%	8.3%	9.8%	18.9%	21.2%	11.3%	23.6%	2.7%	11.7%	12.7%	0.0%	12.6%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17025 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Nativity.

Appendix A-II: Select Demographics of Phoenix Residents Living in Poverty by Village*

	Arizona	Phoenix	Ahwatukee Foothills	Alhambra	Camelback East	Central City	Deer Valley	Desert View	Encanto	Estrella	Laveen	Maryvale	North Gateway	North Mountain	Paradise Valley	Rio Vista	South Mountain
Total Residents	969,900	247,553	5,629	32,269	17,562	18,796	17,677	2,515	9,811	17,897	8,939	48,434	378	29,054	15,754	290	22,547
Total Households	331,816	76,426	2,096	9,454	7,085	6,277	6,296	1,048	4,035	4,001	1,846	11,772	196	9,689	5,566	93	6,974

Educational Attainment (Age 25+)

Less than high school graduation	130,924	40,405	334	5,406	2,919	3,534	1,610	88	1,735	3,751	857	10,110	15	3,733	1,930	0	4,382
% of Total	25.0%	31.7%	10.4%	36.0%	27.5%	38.3%	16.2%	5.4%	27.5%	45.4%	20.5%	46.9%	6.5%	23.6%	19.2%	0.0%	39.0%
High School graduates	155,129	35,516	684	4,102	2,874	2,666	2,788	145	1,626	2,287	1,469	6,273	30	4,808	2,296	45	3,425
% of Total	29.6%	27.9%	21.3%	27.3%	27.1%	28.9%	28.0%	8.9%	25.8%	27.6%	35.1%	29.1%	12.9%	30.4%	22.9%	23.1%	30.5%
Some college, associates degree	163,159	35,601	1,335	4,475	2,945	1,737	3,727	518	1,863	1,713	1,148	4,275	135	5,325	3,782	89	2,534
% of Total	31.1%	27.9%	41.5%	29.8%	27.7%	18.8%	37.5%	31.8%	29.5%	20.7%	27.4%	19.8%	57.7%	33.7%	37.7%	45.4%	22.5%
Bachelor's degree or higher	75,397	15,977	860	1,030	1,877	1,284	1,824	878	1,088	520	714	904	53	1,957	2,023	62	903
% of Total	14.4%	12.5%	26.8%	6.9%	17.7%	13.9%	18.3%	53.9%	17.2%	6.3%	17.1%	4.2%	22.9%	12.4%	20.2%	31.4%	8.0%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17003 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months of Individuals by Sex by Educational Attainment.

Employment (Age 16 and Older in Civilian Labor Force)

Employed	214,245	56,082	1,406	7,028	4,353	4,118	4,803	566	2,731	3,676	1,782	11,158	117	6,318	3,957	28	4,041
% of Total	30.8%	34.0%	35.5%	33.6%	33.7%	31.9%	37.3%	27.5%	36.6%	34.6%	33.8%	38.5%	33.4%	31.3%	33.8%	13.5%	27.3%
Not Employed	482,052	109,083	2,553	13,872	8,566	8,790	8,090	1,491	4,733	6,947	3,490	17,796	233	13,838	7,752	179	10,752
% of Total	69.2%	66.0%	64.5%	66.4%	66.3%	68.1%	62.7%	72.5%	63.4%	65.4%	66.2%	61.5%	66.6%	68.7%	66.2%	86.5%	72.7%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17005 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months of Individuals by Sex by Employment Status.

*The ACS does not determine poverty for the entire population. The analysis 'grosses-up' poverty counts based on the total population.

Appendix A-III: Calculated Poverty Rates for Select Demographics by Village

	Arizona	Phoenix	Ahwatukee Foothills	Alhambra	Camelback East	Central City	Deer Valley	Desert View	Encanto	Estrella	Laveen	Maryvale	North Gateway	North Mountain	Paradise Valley	Rio Vista	South Mountain
Residents	13.7%	15.4%	7.1%	23.6%	12.3%	33.3%	9.9%	3.9%	17.2%	18.2%	13.6%	20.5%	2.0%	17.1%	9.2%	10.1%	18.1%
Households	12.4%	13.1%	6.6%	19.6%	10.9%	28.8%	8.9%	4.2%	15.7%	15.6%	9.9%	17.8%	2.8%	14.3%	7.9%	10.5%	17.6%

Age

Under 5 years	20.4%	22.6%	10.6%	35.3%	14.4%	52.5%	17.0%	2.0%	16.4%	24.9%	17.4%	31.8%	0.0%	23.3%	10.3%	0.0%	25.3%
5 to 14 years	18.8%	23.1%	11.3%	33.2%	19.2%	46.1%	11.1%	3.9%	27.0%	28.1%	20.6%	29.2%	1.0%	27.9%	14.3%	19.6%	25.4%
15 to 17 years	10.0%	13.0%	5.5%	21.8%	11.8%	18.3%	9.2%	2.4%	11.1%	9.4%	9.4%	15.8%	0.4%	12.1%	8.7%	12.6%	18.4%
18 to 24 years	28.7%	24.1%	12.0%	35.4%	18.7%	51.4%	22.4%	10.0%	23.6%	23.0%	18.8%	23.6%	15.1%	25.4%	14.3%	0.1%	25.7%
25 to 34 years	13.4%	13.8%	6.2%	20.5%	10.7%	24.9%	10.2%	2.4%	16.3%	14.9%	15.4%	16.9%	2.7%	17.1%	10.0%	3.9%	12.9%
35 to 44 years	11.6%	13.3%	9.3%	20.7%	9.1%	25.5%	9.4%	4.6%	13.2%	15.6%	11.1%	18.6%	0.7%	13.6%	8.1%	6.8%	15.7%
45 to 54 years	10.0%	11.3%	3.7%	20.0%	8.5%	25.9%	7.1%	3.6%	15.3%	12.6%	7.9%	15.0%	1.1%	14.1%	6.7%	11.0%	14.5%
55 to 64 years	11.4%	12.1%	4.4%	17.1%	10.6%	32.8%	7.2%	3.6%	20.5%	12.9%	9.6%	16.5%	4.7%	14.3%	7.6%	20.6%	15.1%
65 to 74 years	8.7%	9.4%	3.7%	13.2%	10.0%	28.9%	4.6%	3.0%	8.4%	21.1%	8.0%	12.3%	0.6%	10.1%	6.9%	5.6%	15.5%
75 years and over	10.0%	12.6%	10.9%	11.9%	17.8%	46.2%	8.1%	6.2%	27.7%	13.5%	8.7%	13.9%	0.6%	11.2%	8.8%	0.0%	13.1%

Household Composition

Family: Married couple	5.4%	6.5%	3.4%	11.2%	4.6%	18.7%	3.8%	2.0%	9.3%	9.6%	5.3%	12.6%	0.4%	6.9%	3.3%	5.0%	6.4%
Family: Male HH'er; no wife	13.7%	13.6%	6.2%	25.1%	9.8%	21.2%	9.0%	1.2%	8.7%	14.7%	15.4%	14.1%	2.3%	15.5%	6.8%	50.0%	19.9%
Fam: Female HH'er; no husband	23.9%	24.4%	12.6%	33.1%	19.3%	43.2%	19.3%	5.1%	25.9%	25.7%	23.2%	28.3%	0.9%	25.9%	13.5%	0.2%	25.9%
Non-Family: Male householder	16.4%	14.6%	6.4%	19.6%	11.6%	25.7%	12.1%	8.9%	15.7%	14.7%	5.2%	16.1%	11.2%	15.3%	11.7%	0.0%	22.8%
Non-Family: Female householder	18.7%	17.3%	12.5%	20.6%	14.6%	32.7%	11.6%	9.3%	19.9%	26.5%	10.8%	24.2%	7.2%	17.8%	12.8%	29.7%	30.4%

Race/Ethnicity

American Indian/Alaska Native	29.2%	24.5%	12.6%	37.4%	12.7%	46.2%	33.9%	0.0%	25.3%	21.2%	18.1%	23.8%	22.0%	21.0%	30.0%	0.0%	20.2%
Asian	10.0%	10.5%	4.2%	17.9%	11.0%	22.1%	5.7%	7.6%	23.8%	2.4%	12.0%	16.3%	1.4%	23.7%	5.6%	0.0%	13.0%
Black/African American	17.3%	21.3%	17.8%	31.4%	14.9%	48.0%	10.4%	0.9%	22.3%	16.6%	19.0%	22.5%	0.5%	24.1%	16.7%	100.0%	21.6%
Hispanic	18.5%	20.7%	9.5%	27.9%	19.3%	33.1%	14.7%	4.0%	18.0%	19.7%	15.2%	21.6%	1.0%	20.6%	16.1%	0.2%	19.7%
Native Hawaiian/Other Islander	12.4%	12.8%	0.0%	54.0%	37.2%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	18.7%	4.1%	24.5%	7.5%	0.0%	12.2%	11.9%	0.0%	6.7%
White/Caucasian	9.4%	9.4%	5.4%	14.2%	7.8%	27.5%	8.5%	3.9%	14.4%	10.1%	8.0%	14.5%	2.2%	12.8%	7.1%	12.3%	12.4%
Two or More Races	19.3%	15.3%	10.5%	27.2%	11.9%	43.2%	9.5%	0.5%	19.9%	15.5%	12.4%	16.3%	0.6%	21.7%	6.9%	0.0%	13.9%
Other	19.3%	15.3%	5.9%	25.4%	12.7%	42.6%	6.2%	9.0%	13.8%	14.9%	14.8%	19.5%	21.1%	22.2%	6.5%	0.0%	13.3%

Citizenship

Citizen	13.1%	14.7%	6.9%	22.5%	11.3%	33.7%	9.8%	3.7%	16.2%	17.4%	13.2%	19.8%	2.0%	16.6%	8.8%	10.5%	18.2%
Non-Citizen	21.1%	21.2%	11.7%	29.2%	21.8%	31.2%	12.0%	8.8%	23.3%	21.8%	17.3%	23.1%	1.7%	22.6%	12.9%	0.0%	17.0%

Appendix A-III: Calculated Poverty Rates for Select Demographics by Village

	Arizona	Phoenix	Ahwatukee Foothills	Alhambra	Camelback East	Central City	Deer Valley	Desert View	Encanto	Estrella	Laveen	Maryvale	North Gateway	North Mountain	Paradise Valley	Rio Vista	South Mountain	
Residents	13.7%	15.4%	7.1%	23.6%	12.3%	33.3%	9.9%	3.9%	17.2%	18.2%	13.6%	20.5%	2.0%	17.1%	9.2%	10.1%	18.1%	
Households	12.4%	13.1%	6.6%	19.6%	10.9%	28.8%	8.9%	4.2%	15.7%	15.6%	9.9%	17.8%	2.8%	14.3%	7.9%	10.5%	17.6%	
Educational Attainment (Age 25+)																		
Less than high school graduation	23.4%	23.6%	24.4%	28.2%	27.0%	35.6%	16.7%	10.5%	27.2%	22.2%	15.9%	21.9%	3.0%	23.7%	20.7%	0.0%	23.4%	
High School graduates	13.8%	14.9%	9.6%	20.2%	15.4%	31.7%	10.0%	3.0%	22.7%	12.4%	14.2%	15.1%	1.8%	17.7%	10.1%	9.2%	15.8%	
Some college, associates degree	10.1%	11.4%	7.9%	18.4%	10.6%	21.3%	8.2%	4.4%	16.4%	11.9%	8.8%	13.0%	3.3%	13.4%	9.5%	12.3%	11.2%	
Bachelor's degree or higher	5.0%	5.0%	2.9%	5.2%	4.2%	15.9%	4.5%	3.4%	6.9%	9.0%	7.3%	7.6%	0.9%	6.3%	3.8%	9.2%	6.1%	
Employment (Age 16+)																		
Employed	6.5%	6.9%	3.2%	11.0%	5.2%	14.9%	5.0%	1.7%	8.4%	8.0%	6.0%	10.5%	1.2%	7.6%	4.2%	2.2%	6.9%	
Not Employed	20.3%	25.0%	12.5%	34.8%	25.5%	53.5%	17.3%	9.6%	31.8%	28.3%	20.8%	27.1%	5.4%	26.5%	16.3%	17.2%	29.4%	

Appendix B-I: Select Demographics of Residents in Areas Served by Phoenix Education Services Partners (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Arizona	Phoenix	All Phoenix Head Start Partners	Greater Phoenix Urban League					Booker T. Washington					All Other Service Partners			
				Cartwright	Isaac	Laveen	Pendergast	Total GPUL	Murphy	Phoenix	Roosevelt	Wilson	Total BTW	Alhambra	Deer Valley	Fowler	Washington
Total Residents	7,079,203	1,603,110	1,435,526	139,207	47,367	61,436	128,169	376,179	16,207	67,419	133,710	8,181	225,518	126,544	349,288	58,915	299,083
Total Households	2,683,557	584,172	490,621	37,128	13,835	17,448	39,670	108,081	3,804	28,305	42,069	2,816	76,994	39,111	131,153	16,967	118,315
Age																	
Under 5 years	412,606	108,020	101,409	10,390	3,825	5,479	8,926	28,621	951	4,305	9,372	681	15,309	10,612	20,549	6,008	20,311
% of Total	5.8%	6.7%	7.1%	7.5%	8.1%	8.9%	7.0%	7.6%	5.9%	6.4%	7.0%	8.3%	6.8%	8.4%	5.9%	10.2%	6.8%
5 to 14 years	920,264	228,162	213,193	25,608	8,400	11,380	20,577	65,965	1,826	7,222	20,891	1,403	31,342	22,041	46,147	10,728	36,971
% of Total	13.0%	14.2%	14.9%	18.4%	17.7%	18.5%	16.1%	17.5%	11.3%	10.7%	15.6%	17.1%	13.9%	17.4%	13.2%	18.2%	12.4%
15 to 19 years	476,470	113,140	111,589	13,670	4,620	5,334	10,855	34,479	1,092	5,440	10,799	611	17,942	12,592	24,334	4,840	17,403
% of Total	6.7%	7.1%	7.8%	9.8%	9.8%	8.7%	8.5%	9.2%	6.7%	8.1%	8.1%	7.5%	8.0%	10.0%	7.0%	8.2%	5.8%
20 to 24 years	477,856	112,787	103,269	13,165	4,078	3,437	10,242	30,923	1,688	5,739	9,543	841	17,811	11,840	16,732	4,825	21,138
% of Total	6.8%	7.0%	7.2%	9.5%	8.6%	5.6%	8.0%	8.2%	10.4%	8.5%	7.1%	10.3%	7.9%	9.4%	4.8%	8.2%	7.1%
25 to 34 years	966,670	258,911	214,586	20,932	6,886	8,966	19,829	56,613	3,628	14,030	21,453	1,611	40,722	17,574	44,092	10,488	45,097
% of Total	13.7%	16.2%	14.9%	15.0%	14.5%	14.6%	15.5%	15.0%	22.4%	20.8%	16.0%	19.7%	18.1%	13.9%	12.6%	17.8%	15.1%
35 to 44 years	882,914	221,581	195,249	18,837	6,402	8,893	17,633	51,765	2,510	9,069	18,474	1,056	31,109	17,167	47,012	8,258	39,938
% of Total	12.5%	13.8%	13.6%	13.5%	13.5%	14.5%	13.8%	13.8%	15.5%	13.5%	13.8%	12.9%	13.8%	13.6%	13.5%	14.0%	13.4%
45 to 54 years	838,963	202,452	179,327	15,810	4,948	7,565	15,996	44,318	2,070	8,034	16,286	803	27,192	13,777	50,768	5,901	37,371
% of Total	11.9%	12.6%	12.5%	11.4%	10.4%	12.3%	12.5%	11.8%	12.8%	11.9%	12.2%	9.8%	12.1%	10.9%	14.5%	10.0%	12.5%
55 to 64 years	859,601	179,704	159,417	11,242	4,369	5,338	13,955	34,905	1,513	7,181	14,424	712	23,831	11,545	48,274	4,306	36,556
% of Total	12.1%	11.2%	11.1%	8.1%	9.2%	8.7%	10.9%	9.3%	9.3%	10.7%	10.8%	8.7%	10.6%	9.1%	13.8%	7.3%	12.2%
65 to 74 years	731,373	112,095	100,955	6,506	2,198	3,851	6,581	19,136	669	4,317	8,053	255	13,294	5,656	34,857	2,012	25,999
% of Total	10.3%	7.0%	7.0%	4.7%	4.6%	6.3%	5.1%	5.1%	4.1%	6.4%	6.0%	3.1%	5.9%	4.5%	10.0%	3.4%	8.7%
75 years and over	512,486	66,257	56,533	3,047	1,641	1,192	3,575	9,455	259	2,083	4,416	208	6,966	3,740	16,524	1,549	18,299
% of Total	7.2%	4.1%	3.9%	2.2%	3.5%	1.9%	2.8%	2.5%	1.6%	3.1%	3.3%	2.5%	3.1%	3.0%	4.7%	2.6%	6.1%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table S0101 Age and Sex.

**Appendix B-I: Select Demographics of Residents
 (Head Start and Early Head Start)**

	Early Head Start							Total Early Head Start
	Alhambra	Cartwright	Deer Valley	Fowler	Isaac	Pendergast	Washington	
Total Residents	126,544	139,207	349,288	58,915	47,367	128,169	299,083	1,148,572
Total Households	39,111	37,128	131,153	16,967	13,835	39,670	118,315	396,179
Age								
Under 5 years	10,612	10,390	20,549	6,008	3,825	8,926	20,311	80,621
% of Total	8.4%	7.5%	5.9%	10.2%	8.1%	7.0%	6.8%	7.0%
5 to 14 years	22,041	25,608	46,147	10,728	8,400	20,577	36,971	170,472
% of Total	17.4%	18.4%	13.2%	18.2%	17.7%	16.1%	12.4%	14.8%
15 to 19 years	12,592	13,670	24,334	4,840	4,620	10,855	17,403	88,313
% of Total	10.0%	9.8%	7.0%	8.2%	9.8%	8.5%	5.8%	7.7%
20 to 24 years	11,840	13,165	16,732	4,825	4,078	10,242	21,138	82,021
% of Total	9.4%	9.5%	4.8%	8.2%	8.6%	8.0%	7.1%	7.1%
25 to 34 years	17,574	20,932	44,092	10,488	6,886	19,829	45,097	164,898
% of Total	13.9%	15.0%	12.6%	17.8%	14.5%	15.5%	15.1%	14.4%
35 to 44 years	17,167	18,837	47,012	8,258	6,402	17,633	39,938	155,247
% of Total	13.6%	13.5%	13.5%	14.0%	13.5%	13.8%	13.4%	13.5%
45 to 54 years	13,777	15,810	50,768	5,901	4,948	15,996	37,371	144,569
% of Total	10.9%	11.4%	14.5%	10.0%	10.4%	12.5%	12.5%	12.6%
55 to 64 years	11,545	11,242	48,274	4,306	4,369	13,955	36,556	130,248
% of Total	9.1%	8.1%	13.8%	7.3%	9.2%	10.9%	12.2%	11.3%
65 to 74 years	5,656	6,506	34,857	2,012	2,198	6,581	25,999	83,809
% of Total	4.5%	4.7%	10.0%	3.4%	4.6%	5.1%	8.7%	7.3%
75 years and over	3,740	3,047	16,524	1,549	1,641	3,575	18,299	48,375
% of Total	3.0%	2.2%	4.7%	2.6%	3.5%	2.8%	6.1%	4.2%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table S0101 Age and Sex.

Appendix B-I: Select Demographics of Residents in Areas Served by Phoenix Education Services Partners (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Arizona	Greater Phoenix Urban League					Booker T. Washington					All Other Service Partners					
		Phoenix	All Phoenix Head Start Partners	Cartwright	Isaac	Laveen	Pendergast	Total GPUL	Murphy	Phoenix	Roosevelt	Wilson	Total BTW	Alhambra	Deer Valley	Fowler	Washington
Total Residents	7,079,203	1,603,110	1,435,526	139,207	47,367	61,436	128,169	376,179	16,207	67,419	133,710	8,181	225,518	126,544	349,288	58,915	299,083
Total Households	2,683,557	584,172	490,621	37,128	13,835	17,448	39,670	108,081	3,804	28,305	42,069	2,816	76,994	39,111	131,153	16,967	118,315
Household Composition																	
Family: Married couple	1,270,166	242,975	218,512	16,772	5,314	9,417	19,770	51,274	1,311	7,366	17,729	672	27,078	13,284	73,631	7,576	45,669
% of Total	47.3%	41.6%	44.5%	45.2%	38.4%	54.0%	49.8%	47.4%	34.5%	26.0%	42.1%	23.9%	35.2%	34.0%	56.1%	44.7%	38.6%
Family: Male HH'er; no spouse	152,051	42,442	36,968	4,696	1,636	1,835	3,312	11,478	463	1,501	3,469	165	5,597	3,918	6,646	1,480	7,849
% of Total	5.7%	7.3%	7.5%	12.6%	11.8%	10.5%	8.3%	10.6%	12.2%	5.3%	8.2%	5.9%	7.3%	10.0%	5.1%	8.7%	6.6%
Fam: Female HH'er; no spouse	325,552	86,519	78,394	8,731	3,074	3,175	6,604	21,584	940	3,787	9,283	726	14,736	8,910	12,413	4,106	16,645
% of Total	12.1%	14.8%	16.0%	23.5%	22.2%	18.2%	16.6%	20.0%	24.7%	13.4%	22.1%	25.8%	19.1%	22.8%	9.5%	24.2%	14.1%
Non-Family: Male householder	454,330	108,860	79,996	3,923	2,473	1,329	5,317	13,042	693	8,383	5,757	731	15,565	7,489	17,678	1,947	24,276
% of Total	16.9%	18.6%	16.3%	10.6%	17.9%	7.6%	13.4%	12.1%	18.2%	29.6%	13.7%	26.0%	20.2%	19.1%	13.5%	11.5%	20.5%
Non-Family: Female householder	481,458	103,376	76,751	3,006	1,339	1,692	4,666	10,703	397	7,267	5,831	522	14,018	5,511	20,785	1,858	23,876
% of Total	17.9%	17.7%	15.6%	8.1%	9.7%	9.7%	11.8%	9.9%	10.4%	25.7%	13.9%	18.5%	18.2%	14.1%	15.8%	11.0%	20.2%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17017 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Household Type by Age of Householder.

Race/Ethnicity

American Indian/Alaska Native	216,305	22,747	20,659	1,801	549	1,940	1,839	6,128	280	1,056	2,542	55	3,934	1,869	2,380	930	5,418
% of Total	3.1%	1.4%	1.4%	1.3%	1.2%	3.2%	1.4%	1.6%	1.7%	1.6%	1.9%	0.7%	1.7%	1.5%	0.7%	1.6%	1.8%
Asian	174,591	49,066	40,448	712	254	1,965	3,551	6,482	139	1,437	2,442	46	4,064	2,565	17,735	509	9,092
% of Total	2.5%	3.1%	2.8%	0.5%	0.5%	3.2%	2.8%	1.7%	0.9%	2.1%	1.8%	0.6%	1.8%	2.0%	5.1%	0.9%	3.0%
Black/African American	227,562	81,206	74,115	3,862	1,233	7,019	7,698	19,811	427	4,009	14,431	636	19,503	7,574	8,170	4,646	14,411
% of Total	3.2%	5.1%	5.2%	2.8%	2.6%	11.4%	6.0%	5.3%	2.6%	5.9%	10.8%	7.8%	8.6%	6.0%	2.3%	7.9%	4.8%
Hispanic	2,260,074	687,142	658,630	113,158	40,990	29,583	67,874	251,605	13,631	32,664	79,807	5,266	131,368	84,821	49,039	41,930	99,866
% of Total	31.9%	42.9%	45.9%	81.3%	86.5%	48.2%	53.0%	66.9%	84.1%	48.4%	59.7%	64.4%	58.3%	67.0%	14.0%	71.2%	33.4%
Native Hawaiian/Other Islander	9,993	2,265	1,953	60	57	26	429	571	0	25	394	0	418	45	208	263	446
% of Total	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.3%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.3%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.4%	0.1%
White/Caucasian	3,789,649	665,246	554,851	15,836	3,020	14,206	38,253	71,316	1,190	24,147	22,459	1,706	49,503	22,218	253,792	6,545	151,476
% of Total	53.5%	41.5%	38.7%	11.4%	6.4%	23.1%	29.8%	19.0%	7.3%	35.8%	16.8%	20.9%	22.0%	17.6%	72.7%	11.1%	50.6%
Two or More Races	367,176	87,440	77,800	3,446	1,155	6,169	7,802	18,572	494	3,762	10,649	431	15,336	6,829	16,489	3,749	16,825
% of Total	5.2%	5.5%	5.4%	2.5%	2.4%	10.0%	6.1%	4.9%	3.0%	5.6%	8.0%	5.3%	6.8%	5.4%	4.7%	6.4%	5.6%
Other	33,853	7,999	7,071	332	109	528	724	1,693	46	320	986	40	1,391	622	1,473	343	1,548
% of Total	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.2%	0.2%	0.9%	0.6%	0.5%	0.3%	0.5%	0.7%	0.5%	0.6%	0.5%	0.4%	0.6%	0.5%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Tables B17020A - B17020I Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Age (and race or ethnicity).

**Appendix B-I: Select Demographics of Residents
 (Head Start and Early Head Start)**

	Alhambra	Cartwright	Deer Valley	Early Head Start Fowler	Isaac	Pendergast	Washington	Total Early Head Start
Total Residents	126,544	139,207	349,288	58,915	47,367	128,169	299,083	1,148,572
Total Households	39,111	37,128	131,153	16,967	13,835	39,670	118,315	396,179

Household Composition

Family: Married couple	13,284	16,772	73,631	7,576	5,314	19,770	45,669	182,016
% of Total	34.0%	45.2%	56.1%	44.7%	38.4%	49.8%	38.6%	45.9%
Family: Male HH'er; no spouse	3,918	4,696	6,646	1,480	1,636	3,312	7,849	29,536
% of Total	10.0%	12.6%	5.1%	8.7%	11.8%	8.3%	6.6%	7.5%
Fam: Female HH'er; no spouse	8,910	8,731	12,413	4,106	3,074	6,604	16,645	60,483
% of Total	22.8%	23.5%	9.5%	24.2%	22.2%	16.6%	14.1%	15.3%
Non-Family: Male householder	7,489	3,923	17,678	1,947	2,473	5,317	24,276	63,103
% of Total	19.1%	10.6%	13.5%	11.5%	17.9%	13.4%	20.5%	15.9%
Non-Family: Female householder	5,511	3,006	20,785	1,858	1,339	4,666	23,876	61,041
% of Total	14.1%	8.1%	15.8%	11.0%	9.7%	11.8%	20.2%	15.4%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17017 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Household Type by Age of Householder.

Race/Ethnicity

American Indian/Alaska Native	1,869	1,801	2,380	930	549	1,839	5,418	14,786
% of Total	1.5%	1.3%	0.7%	1.6%	1.2%	1.4%	1.8%	1.3%
Asian	2,565	712	17,735	509	254	3,551	9,092	34,419
% of Total	2.0%	0.5%	5.1%	0.9%	0.5%	2.8%	3.0%	3.0%
Black/African American	7,574	3,862	8,170	4,646	1,233	7,698	14,411	47,593
% of Total	6.0%	2.8%	2.3%	7.9%	2.6%	6.0%	4.8%	4.1%
Hispanic	84,821	113,158	49,039	41,930	40,990	67,874	99,866	497,678
% of Total	67.0%	81.3%	14.0%	71.2%	86.5%	53.0%	33.4%	43.3%
Native Hawaiian/Other Islander	45	60	208	263	57	429	446	1,509
% of Total	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.4%	0.1%	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%
White/Caucasian	22,218	15,836	253,792	6,545	3,020	38,253	151,476	491,142
% of Total	17.6%	11.4%	72.7%	11.1%	6.4%	29.8%	50.6%	42.8%
Two or More Races	6,829	3,446	16,489	3,749	1,155	7,802	16,825	56,295
% of Total	5.4%	2.5%	4.7%	6.4%	2.4%	6.1%	5.6%	4.9%
Other	622	332	1,473	343	109	724	1,548	5,151
% of Total	0.5%	0.2%	0.4%	0.6%	0.2%	0.6%	0.5%	0.4%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Tables B17020A - B17020I Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Age (and race or ethnicity).

Appendix B-I: Select Demographics of Residents in Areas Served by Phoenix Education Services Partners (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Arizona	Greater Phoenix Urban League						Booker T. Washington					All Other Service Partners				
		Phoenix	All Phoenix Head Start Partners	Cartwright	Isaac	Laveen	Pendergast	Total GPUL	Murphy	Phoenix	Roosevelt	Wilson	Total BTW	Alhambra	Deer Valley	Fowler	Washington
Total Residents	7,079,203	1,603,110	1,435,526	139,207	47,367	61,436	128,169	376,179	16,207	67,419	133,710	8,181	225,518	126,544	349,288	58,915	299,083
Total Households	2,683,557	584,172	490,621	37,128	13,835	17,448	39,670	108,081	3,804	28,305	42,069	2,816	76,994	39,111	131,153	16,967	118,315
Citizenship																	
Citizen	6,582,875	1,412,326	1,263,440	107,401	34,214	56,098	115,548	313,260	13,242	57,951	116,357	6,693	194,242	99,898	333,625	49,182	273,232
% of Total	93.0%	88.1%	88.0%	77.2%	72.2%	91.3%	90.2%	83.3%	81.7%	86.0%	87.0%	81.8%	86.1%	78.9%	95.5%	83.5%	91.4%
Non-Citizen	496,328	190,784	172,086	31,806	13,153	5,338	12,621	62,918	2,965	9,469	17,354	1,488	31,276	26,645	15,663	9,733	25,851
% of Total	7.0%	11.9%	12.0%	22.8%	27.8%	8.7%	9.8%	16.7%	18.3%	14.0%	13.0%	18.2%	13.9%	21.1%	4.5%	16.5%	8.6%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B05001 Nativity and Citizenship Status in the United States.

Language at Home (Residents 5 and Older)

English Only	4,893,977	943,661	822,222	41,764	10,718	34,932	71,166	158,580	6,687	39,397	68,516	3,427	118,027	47,164	277,219	21,052	200,180
% of Total	73.4%	63.1%	61.6%	32.4%	24.6%	62.4%	59.7%	45.6%	43.8%	62.4%	55.1%	45.7%	56.1%	40.7%	84.3%	39.8%	71.8%
Spanish	1,342,767	453,455	430,900	84,599	31,783	16,582	41,929	174,894	8,155	20,447	50,373	3,808	82,783	61,603	21,781	29,986	59,853
% of Total	20.1%	30.3%	32.3%	65.7%	73.0%	29.6%	35.2%	50.3%	53.5%	32.4%	40.5%	50.8%	39.4%	53.1%	6.6%	56.7%	21.5%
All Other Languages	429,853	97,974	80,995	2,453	1,042	4,443	6,148	14,085	414	3,271	5,450	264	9,399	7,165	29,738	1,870	18,738
% of Total	6.4%	6.6%	6.1%	1.9%	2.4%	7.9%	5.2%	4.1%	2.7%	5.2%	4.4%	3.5%	4.5%	6.2%	9.0%	3.5%	6.7%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table S1601 Language Spoken at Home.

Limited English Speaking (Households)

Spanish Only	71,279	23,656	21,459	3,819	2,310	444	1,914	8,486	321	1,373	2,020	253	3,967	3,450	895	1,300	3,360
% of Total	2.7%	4.0%	4.4%	10.3%	16.7%	2.5%	4.8%	7.9%	8.4%	4.8%	4.8%	9.0%	5.2%	8.8%	0.7%	7.7%	2.8%
Other Lang. Only	27,880	6,883	6,168	187	226	204	423	1,041	0	450	176	9	636	1,170	1,371	57	1,894
% of Total	1.0%	1.2%	1.3%	0.5%	1.6%	1.2%	1.1%	1.0%	0.0%	1.6%	0.4%	0.3%	0.8%	3.0%	1.0%	0.3%	1.6%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table C16002 Household Language by Household Limited English Speaking Status.

**Appendix B-I: Select Demographics of Residents
 (Head Start and Early Head Start)**

	Alhambra	Cartwright	Deer Valley	Fowler	Isaac	Pendergast	Washington	Total Early Head Start
Total Residents	126,544	139,207	349,288	58,915	47,367	128,169	299,083	1,148,572
Total Households	39,111	37,128	131,153	16,967	13,835	39,670	118,315	396,179
Citizenship								
Citizen	99,898	107,401	333,625	49,182	34,214	115,548	273,232	1,013,100
% of Total	78.9%	77.2%	95.5%	83.5%	72.2%	90.2%	91.4%	88.2%
Non-Citizen	26,645	31,806	15,663	9,733	13,153	12,621	25,851	135,472
% of Total	21.1%	22.8%	4.5%	16.5%	27.8%	9.8%	8.6%	11.8%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B05001 Nativity and Citizenship Status in the United States.

**Language at Home
 (Residents 5 and Older)**

English Only	47,164	41,764	277,219	21,052	10,718	71,166	200,180	669,263
% of Total	40.7%	32.4%	84.3%	39.8%	24.6%	59.7%	71.8%	62.7%
Spanish	61,603	84,599	21,781	29,986	31,783	41,929	59,853	331,534
% of Total	53.1%	65.7%	6.6%	56.7%	73.0%	35.2%	21.5%	31.0%
All Other Languages	7,165	2,453	29,738	1,870	1,042	6,148	18,738	67,153
% of Total	6.2%	1.9%	9.0%	3.5%	2.4%	5.2%	6.7%	6.3%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table S1601 Language Spoken at Home.

Limited English Speaking (Households)

Spanish Only	3,450	3,819	895	1,300	2,310	1,914	3,360	17,048
% of Total	8.8%	10.3%	0.7%	7.7%	16.7%	4.8%	2.8%	4.3%
Other Lang. Only	1,170	187	1,371	57	226	423	1,894	5,328
% of Total	3.0%	0.5%	1.0%	0.3%	1.6%	1.1%	1.6%	1.3%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table C16002 Household Language by Household Limited English Speaking Status.

Appendix B-I: Select Demographics of Residents in Areas Served by Phoenix Education Services Partners (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Arizona	Greater Phoenix Urban League							Booker T. Washington				All Other Service Partners				
		Phoenix	All Phoenix Head Start Partners	Cartwright	Isaac	Laveen	Pendergast	Total GPUL	Murphy	Phoenix	Roosevelt	Wilson	Total BTW	Alhambra	Deer Valley	Fowler	Washington
Total Residents	7,079,203	1,603,110	1,435,526	139,207	47,367	61,436	128,169	376,179	16,207	67,419	133,710	8,181	225,518	126,544	349,288	58,915	299,083
Total Households	2,683,557	584,172	490,621	37,128	13,835	17,448	39,670	108,081	3,804	28,305	42,069	2,816	76,994	39,111	131,153	16,967	118,315
Educational Attainment (Age 25+)																	
Less than high school graduation	560,460	171,101	167,215	29,270	11,645	5,226	12,420	58,560	3,923	9,537	19,553	1,588	34,601	24,241	14,259	8,614	26,941
% of Total	11.7%	16.4%	18.5%	38.3%	44.0%	14.6%	16.0%	27.1%	36.8%	21.3%	23.5%	34.2%	24.2%	34.9%	5.9%	26.5%	13.3%
High School graduates	1,125,498	238,688	226,019	24,496	8,247	9,806	21,996	64,545	3,658	9,133	22,971	1,262	37,024	19,505	47,193	10,320	47,433
% of Total	23.5%	22.9%	24.9%	32.1%	31.2%	27.4%	28.4%	29.9%	34.3%	20.4%	27.6%	27.2%	25.9%	28.1%	19.5%	31.7%	23.3%
Some college, associates degree	1,610,633	312,928	280,611	17,624	5,124	12,074	27,324	62,146	2,419	10,490	24,498	1,091	38,498	18,246	83,120	9,267	69,335
% of Total	33.6%	30.1%	31.0%	23.1%	19.4%	33.7%	35.2%	28.7%	22.7%	23.5%	29.5%	23.5%	26.9%	26.3%	34.4%	28.5%	34.1%
Bachelor's degree or higher	1,495,416	318,284	232,221	4,984	1,428	8,700	15,829	30,942	650	15,555	16,084	704	32,992	7,468	96,954	4,314	59,549
% of Total	31.2%	30.6%	25.6%	6.5%	5.4%	24.3%	20.4%	14.3%	6.1%	34.8%	19.4%	15.1%	23.1%	10.8%	40.1%	13.3%	29.3%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table S1501 Educational Attainment.

Employment (Age 16+)

Employed	3,276,115	808,332	689,758	61,292	20,203	26,830	63,571	171,896	7,583	35,587	62,980	3,607	109,757	53,114	181,190	26,561	147,240
% of Total	58.0%	65.0%	62.8%	61.0%	59.0%	61.7%	65.9%	62.6%	57.4%	64.9%	62.2%	60.4%	62.6%	58.1%	65.2%	64.5%	61.8%
Not Employed	2,374,924	435,969	408,848	39,182	14,015	16,680	32,925	102,802	5,629	19,218	38,307	2,368	65,522	38,258	96,535	14,651	91,080
% of Total	42.0%	35.0%	37.2%	39.0%	41.0%	38.3%	34.1%	37.4%	42.6%	35.1%	37.8%	39.6%	37.4%	41.9%	34.8%	35.5%	38.2%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17005 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months of Individuals by Sex by Employment Status.

**Appendix B-I: Select Demographics of Residents
 (Head Start and Early Head Start)**

	Alhambra	Cartwright	Deer Valley	Early Head Start			Washington	Total Early Head Start
				Fowler	Isaac	Pendergast		
Total Residents	126,544	139,207	349,288	58,915	47,367	128,169	299,083	1,148,572
Total Households	39,111	37,128	131,153	16,967	13,835	39,670	118,315	396,179

**Educational Attainment
 (Age 25+)**

Less than high school graduation	24,241	29,270	14,259	8,614	11,645	12,420	26,941	127,389
% of Total	34.9%	38.3%	5.9%	26.5%	44.0%	16.0%	13.3%	17.5%
High School graduates	19,505	24,496	47,193	10,320	8,247	21,996	47,433	179,189
% of Total	28.1%	32.1%	19.5%	31.7%	31.2%	28.4%	23.3%	24.6%
Some college, associates degree	18,246	17,624	83,120	9,267	5,124	27,324	69,335	230,039
% of Total	26.3%	23.1%	34.4%	28.5%	19.4%	35.2%	34.1%	31.6%
Bachelor's degree or higher	7,468	4,984	96,954	4,314	1,428	15,829	59,549	190,528
% of Total	10.8%	6.5%	40.1%	13.3%	5.4%	20.4%	29.3%	26.2%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table S1501 Educational Attainment.

Employment (Age 16+)

Employed	53,114	61,292	181,190	26,561	20,203	63,571	147,240	553,171
% of Total	58.1%	61.0%	65.2%	64.5%	59.0%	65.9%	61.8%	62.9%
Not Employed	38,258	39,182	96,535	14,651	14,015	32,925	91,080	326,645
% of Total	41.9%	39.0%	34.8%	35.5%	41.0%	34.1%	38.2%	37.1%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17005 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months of Individuals by Sex by Employment Status.

Appendix B-I: Select Demographics of Residents in Areas Served by Phoenix Education Services Partners (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Arizona	Greater Phoenix Urban League							Booker T. Washington				All Other Service Partners				
		Phoenix	All Phoenix Head Start Partners	Cartwright	Isaac	Laveen	Pendergast	Total GPUL	Murphy	Phoenix	Roosevelt	Wilson	Total BTW	Alhambra	Deer Valley	Fowler	Washington
Total Residents	7,079,203	1,603,110	1,435,526	139,207	47,367	61,436	128,169	376,179	16,207	67,419	133,710	8,181	225,518	126,544	349,288	58,915	299,083
Total Households	2,683,557	584,172	490,621	37,128	13,835	17,448	39,670	108,081	3,804	28,305	42,069	2,816	76,994	39,111	131,153	16,967	118,315
Income (Households)																	
Less than \$15,000	238,737	48,827	44,374	2,770	1,744	984	2,045	7,544	578	5,010	4,749	454	10,792	6,537	7,131	1,075	11,296
% of Total	8.9%	8.4%	9.0%	7.5%	12.6%	5.6%	5.2%	7.0%	15.2%	17.7%	11.3%	16.1%	14.0%	16.7%	5.4%	6.3%	9.5%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	207,011	44,047	37,288	3,446	1,851	758	2,046	8,102	552	3,171	2,617	288	6,628	4,298	6,609	934	10,718
% of Total	7.7%	7.5%	7.6%	9.3%	13.4%	4.3%	5.2%	7.5%	14.5%	11.2%	6.2%	10.2%	8.6%	11.0%	5.0%	5.5%	9.1%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	228,032	51,604	44,016	3,892	2,064	1,186	3,083	10,224	604	3,046	3,406	434	7,489	5,246	6,978	2,004	12,074
% of Total	8.5%	8.8%	9.0%	10.5%	14.9%	6.8%	7.8%	9.5%	15.9%	10.8%	8.1%	15.4%	9.7%	13.4%	5.3%	11.8%	10.2%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	338,076	78,821	64,637	7,624	2,470	1,786	4,564	16,444	466	3,448	6,134	469	10,517	6,344	11,688	2,920	16,723
% of Total	12.6%	13.5%	13.2%	20.5%	17.9%	10.2%	11.5%	15.2%	12.2%	12.2%	14.6%	16.7%	13.7%	16.2%	8.9%	17.2%	14.1%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	488,152	106,072	89,677	7,886	2,552	3,528	8,178	22,144	703	4,142	8,317	608	13,769	8,458	20,115	3,886	21,304
% of Total	18.2%	18.2%	18.3%	21.2%	18.4%	20.2%	20.6%	20.5%	18.5%	14.6%	19.8%	21.6%	17.9%	21.6%	15.3%	22.9%	18.0%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	361,487	78,956	66,077	5,184	1,422	3,064	6,653	16,324	424	3,432	5,615	265	9,737	3,862	18,579	2,834	14,742
% of Total	13.5%	13.5%	13.5%	14.0%	10.3%	17.6%	16.8%	15.1%	11.1%	12.1%	13.3%	9.4%	12.6%	9.9%	14.2%	16.7%	12.5%
\$100,000 or more	822,052	175,879	144,568	6,321	1,731	6,141	13,097	27,290	478	6,062	11,233	299	18,072	4,374	60,051	3,314	31,466
% of Total	30.6%	30.1%	29.5%	17.0%	12.5%	35.2%	33.0%	25.3%	12.6%	21.4%	26.7%	10.6%	23.5%	11.2%	45.8%	19.5%	26.6%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table DP02 Selected Social Characteristics in the United States.

**Appendix B-I: Select Demographics of Residents
 (Head Start and Early Head Start)**

	Early Head Start							Total Early Head Start
	Alhambra	Cartwright	Deer Valley	Fowler	Isaac	Pendergast	Washington	
Total Residents	126,544	139,207	349,288	58,915	47,367	128,169	299,083	1,148,572
Total Households	39,111	37,128	131,153	16,967	13,835	39,670	118,315	396,179
Income (Households)								
Less than \$15,000	6,537	2,770	7,131	1,075	1,744	2,045	11,296	32,598
% of Total	16.7%	7.5%	5.4%	6.3%	12.6%	5.2%	9.5%	8.2%
\$15,000 to \$24,999	4,298	3,446	6,609	934	1,851	2,046	10,718	29,902
% of Total	11.0%	9.3%	5.0%	5.5%	13.4%	5.2%	9.1%	7.5%
\$25,000 to \$34,999	5,246	3,892	6,978	2,004	2,064	3,083	12,074	35,341
% of Total	13.4%	10.5%	5.3%	11.8%	14.9%	7.8%	10.2%	8.9%
\$35,000 to \$49,999	6,344	7,624	11,688	2,920	2,470	4,564	16,723	52,333
% of Total	16.2%	20.5%	8.9%	17.2%	17.9%	11.5%	14.1%	13.2%
\$50,000 to \$74,999	8,458	7,886	20,115	3,886	2,552	8,178	21,304	72,379
% of Total	21.6%	21.2%	15.3%	22.9%	18.4%	20.6%	18.0%	18.3%
\$75,000 to \$99,999	3,862	5,184	18,579	2,834	1,422	6,653	14,742	53,276
% of Total	9.9%	14.0%	14.2%	16.7%	10.3%	16.8%	12.5%	13.4%
\$100,000 or more	4,374	6,321	60,051	3,314	1,731	13,097	31,466	120,355
% of Total	11.2%	17.0%	45.8%	19.5%	12.5%	33.0%	26.6%	30.4%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table DP02 Selected Social Characteristics in the United States.

App. B-II: Select Demographics of Residents Living in Poverty in Areas Served by Phoenix Education Services Partners (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Arizona	Greater Phoenix Urban League						Booker T. Washington					All Other Service Partners				
		Phoenix	All Phoenix Head Start Partners	Cartwright	Isaac	Laveen	Pendergast	Total GPUL	Murphy	Phoenix	Roosevelt	Wilson	Total BTW	Alhambra	Deer Valley	Fowler	Washington
Total Residents	969,900	247,553	234,994	29,370	13,333	9,437	13,983	66,124	4,331	18,267	23,555	3,246	49,398	38,791	24,762	9,146	46,774
Total Households	331,816	76,426	69,741	6,784	3,555	2,000	3,613	15,951	1,030	6,777	7,166	847	15,818	10,112	9,554	2,109	16,196
Age																	
Under 5 years	84,064	24,399	25,269	3,439	1,651	1,149	1,180	7,420	446	1,655	2,241	422	4,765	5,244	2,014	1,478	4,348
% of Total	8.7%	9.9%	10.8%	11.7%	12.4%	12.2%	8.4%	11.2%	10.3%	9.1%	9.5%	13.0%	9.6%	13.5%	8.1%	16.2%	9.3%
5 to 14 years	172,607	52,605	50,421	7,816	3,541	2,422	2,661	16,439	857	2,903	5,304	796	9,861	9,309	3,526	2,573	8,713
% of Total	17.8%	21.2%	21.5%	26.6%	26.6%	25.7%	19.0%	24.9%	19.8%	15.9%	22.5%	24.5%	20.0%	24.0%	14.2%	28.1%	18.6%
15 to 17 years	47,479	14,743	14,449	2,109	1,005	567	1,239	4,919	191	901	1,913	173	3,177	2,911	987	459	1,996
% of Total	4.9%	6.0%	6.1%	7.2%	7.5%	6.0%	8.9%	7.4%	4.4%	4.9%	8.1%	5.3%	6.4%	7.5%	4.0%	5.0%	4.3%
18 to 24 years	137,221	27,160	26,069	3,016	1,263	863	1,980	7,122	505	2,584	2,312	340	5,741	4,317	2,753	835	5,300
% of Total	14.1%	11.0%	11.1%	10.3%	9.5%	9.1%	14.2%	10.8%	11.7%	14.1%	9.8%	10.5%	11.6%	11.1%	11.1%	9.1%	11.3%
25 to 34 years	129,484	35,804	32,838	3,707	1,596	1,491	1,889	8,684	455	2,965	2,759	612	6,791	4,267	4,207	1,580	7,311
% of Total	13.4%	14.5%	14.0%	12.6%	12.0%	15.8%	13.5%	13.1%	10.5%	16.2%	11.7%	18.9%	13.7%	11.0%	17.0%	17.3%	15.6%
35 to 44 years	102,316	29,446	27,289	3,967	1,745	1,272	1,387	8,370	588	1,794	2,728	390	5,499	4,981	2,556	921	4,960
% of Total	10.5%	11.9%	11.6%	13.5%	13.1%	13.5%	9.9%	12.7%	13.6%	9.8%	11.6%	12.0%	11.1%	12.8%	10.3%	10.1%	10.6%
45 to 54 years	84,034	22,797	21,244	2,472	945	650	1,432	5,499	515	1,736	2,344	191	4,785	3,287	2,550	446	4,677
% of Total	8.7%	9.2%	9.0%	8.4%	7.1%	6.9%	10.2%	8.3%	11.9%	9.5%	10.0%	5.9%	9.7%	8.5%	10.3%	4.9%	10.0%
55 to 64 years	97,915	21,663	20,690	1,685	793	505	1,565	4,548	323	2,028	2,153	207	4,711	2,703	3,233	481	5,014
% of Total	10.1%	8.8%	8.8%	5.7%	5.9%	5.3%	11.2%	6.9%	7.5%	11.1%	9.1%	6.4%	9.5%	7.0%	13.1%	5.3%	10.7%
65 to 74 years	63,519	10,558	10,022	709	468	420	538	2,135	327	855	1,207	69	2,457	1,090	1,532	102	2,706
% of Total	6.5%	4.3%	4.3%	2.4%	3.5%	4.5%	3.8%	3.2%	7.5%	4.7%	5.1%	2.1%	5.0%	2.8%	6.2%	1.1%	5.8%
75 years and over	51,262	8,378	6,703	450	325	99	113	988	124	846	593	46	1,610	682	1,406	269	1,748
% of Total	5.3%	3.4%	2.9%	1.5%	2.4%	1.1%	0.8%	1.5%	2.9%	4.6%	2.5%	1.4%	3.3%	1.8%	5.7%	2.9%	3.7%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17001 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Sex and Age.

App. B-II: Select Demographics of Residents Living in Poverty (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Early Head Start							Total Early Head Start
	Alhambra	Cartwright	Deer Valley	Fowler	Isaac	Pendergast	Washington	
Total Residents	38,791	29,370	24,762	9,146	13,333	13,983	46,774	176,159
Total Households	10,112	6,784	9,554	2,109	3,555	3,613	16,196	51,923

Age

Under 5 years	5,244	3,439	2,014	1,478	1,651	1,180	4,348	19,355
% of Total	13.5%	11.7%	8.1%	16.2%	12.4%	8.4%	9.3%	11.0%
5 to 14 years	9,309	7,816	3,526	2,573	3,541	2,661	8,713	38,139
% of Total	24.0%	26.6%	14.2%	28.1%	26.6%	19.0%	18.6%	21.7%
15 to 17 years	2,911	2,109	987	459	1,005	1,239	1,996	10,705
% of Total	7.5%	7.2%	4.0%	5.0%	7.5%	8.9%	4.3%	6.1%
18 to 24 years	4,317	3,016	2,753	835	1,263	1,980	5,300	19,465
% of Total	11.1%	10.3%	11.1%	9.1%	9.5%	14.2%	11.3%	11.0%
25 to 34 years	4,267	3,707	4,207	1,580	1,596	1,889	7,311	24,557
% of Total	11.0%	12.6%	17.0%	17.3%	12.0%	13.5%	15.6%	13.9%
35 to 44 years	4,981	3,967	2,556	921	1,745	1,387	4,960	20,518
% of Total	12.8%	13.5%	10.3%	10.1%	13.1%	9.9%	10.6%	11.6%
45 to 54 years	3,287	2,472	2,550	446	945	1,432	4,677	15,809
% of Total	8.5%	8.4%	10.3%	4.9%	7.1%	10.2%	10.0%	9.0%
55 to 64 years	2,703	1,685	3,233	481	793	1,565	5,014	15,474
% of Total	7.0%	5.7%	13.1%	5.3%	5.9%	11.2%	10.7%	8.8%
65 to 74 years	1,090	709	1,532	102	468	538	2,706	7,145
% of Total	2.8%	2.4%	6.2%	1.1%	3.5%	3.8%	5.8%	4.1%
75 years and over	682	450	1,406	269	325	113	1,748	4,994
% of Total	1.8%	1.5%	5.7%	2.9%	2.4%	0.8%	3.7%	2.8%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17001 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Sex and Age.

App. B-II: Select Demographics of Residents Living in Poverty in Areas Served by Phoenix Education Services Partners (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Arizona	Greater Phoenix Urban League						Booker T. Washington					All Other Service Partners				
		Phoenix	All Phoenix Head Start Partners	Cartwright	Isaac	Laveen	Pendergast	Total GPUL	Murphy	Phoenix	Roosevelt	Wilson	Total BTW	Alhambra	Deer Valley	Fowler	Washington
Total Residents	969,900	247,553	234,994	29,370	13,333	9,437	13,983	66,124	4,331	18,267	23,555	3,246	49,398	38,791	24,762	9,146	46,774
Total Households	331,816	76,426	69,741	6,784	3,555	2,000	3,613	15,951	1,030	6,777	7,166	847	15,818	10,112	9,554	2,109	16,196
Household Composition																	
Family: Married couple	68,282	15,740	15,161	2,145	938	547	1,078	4,708	226	926	1,120	132	2,404	2,527	2,220	430	2,872
% of Total	20.6%	20.6%	21.7%	31.6%	26.4%	27.4%	29.8%	29.5%	21.9%	13.7%	15.6%	15.6%	15.2%	25.0%	23.2%	20.4%	17.7%
Family: Male HH'er; no spouse	20,896	5,773	5,616	753	410	295	177	1,635	67	299	669	22	1,057	1,100	432	187	1,204
% of Total	6.3%	7.6%	8.1%	11.1%	11.5%	14.8%	4.9%	10.3%	6.5%	4.4%	9.3%	2.6%	6.7%	10.9%	4.5%	8.9%	7.4%
Fam: Female HH'er; no spouse	77,652	21,083	20,208	2,512	1,078	822	1,240	5,652	318	1,481	2,374	380	4,553	3,416	1,658	988	3,941
% of Total	23.4%	27.6%	29.0%	37.0%	30.3%	41.1%	34.3%	35.4%	30.8%	21.9%	33.1%	44.9%	28.8%	33.8%	17.4%	46.9%	24.3%
Non-Family: Male householder	74,737	15,897	13,173	788	544	97	441	1,868	189	1,985	1,270	164	3,608	1,490	2,357	104	3,747
% of Total	22.5%	20.8%	18.9%	11.6%	15.3%	4.8%	12.2%	11.7%	18.4%	29.3%	17.7%	19.3%	22.8%	14.7%	24.7%	4.9%	23.1%
Non-Family: Female householder	90,249	17,933	15,582	586	586	238	678	2,088	230	2,086	1,732	149	4,196	1,579	2,888	399	4,432
% of Total	27.2%	23.5%	22.3%	8.6%	16.5%	11.9%	18.8%	13.1%	22.4%	30.8%	24.2%	17.6%	26.5%	15.6%	30.2%	18.9%	27.4%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17017 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Household Type by Age of Householder.

Race/Ethnicity

American Indian/Alaska Native	63,076	5,583	5,664	442	100	865	221	1,628	90	424	499	17	1,031	756	718	286	1,245
% of Total	6.5%	2.3%	2.4%	1.5%	0.7%	9.2%	1.6%	2.5%	2.1%	2.3%	2.1%	0.5%	2.1%	1.9%	2.9%	3.1%	2.7%
Asian	17,410	5,137	4,854	240	48	225	338	851	5	360	312	13	689	745	999	7	1,563
% of Total	1.8%	2.1%	2.1%	0.8%	0.4%	2.4%	2.4%	1.3%	0.1%	2.0%	1.3%	0.4%	1.4%	1.9%	4.0%	0.1%	3.3%
Black/African American	39,361	17,277	15,916	1,077	470	1,329	787	3,664	81	1,499	3,061	366	5,007	2,718	672	799	3,057
% of Total	4.1%	7.0%	6.8%	3.7%	3.5%	14.1%	5.6%	5.5%	1.9%	8.2%	13.0%	11.3%	10.1%	7.0%	2.7%	8.7%	6.5%
Hispanic	417,073	141,924	138,995	24,418	11,521	4,560	8,407	48,907	3,710	9,889	15,460	1,929	30,987	26,723	4,828	6,940	20,610
% of Total	43.0%	57.3%	59.1%	83.1%	86.4%	48.3%	60.1%	74.0%	85.7%	54.1%	65.6%	59.4%	62.7%	68.9%	19.5%	75.9%	44.1%
Native Hawaiian/Other Islander	1,237	289	228	42	7	4	20	73	0	9	26	0	35	21	43	13	42
% of Total	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%
White/Caucasian	354,477	62,726	54,707	2,312	838	1,122	3,437	7,709	333	4,707	2,714	668	8,422	5,244	16,099	390	16,844
% of Total	36.5%	25.3%	23.3%	7.9%	6.3%	11.9%	24.6%	11.7%	7.7%	25.8%	11.5%	20.6%	17.0%	13.5%	65.0%	4.3%	36.0%
Two or More Races	70,744	13,393	13,407	756	317	1,214	703	2,991	103	1,287	1,354	231	2,975	2,379	1,288	654	3,122
% of Total	7.3%	5.4%	5.7%	2.6%	2.4%	12.9%	5.0%	4.5%	2.4%	7.0%	5.7%	7.1%	6.0%	6.1%	5.2%	7.1%	6.7%
Other	6,523	1,222	1,222	84	32	117	70	302	9	92	129	21	252	205	116	57	290
% of Total	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%	0.3%	0.2%	1.2%	0.5%	0.5%	0.2%	0.5%	0.5%	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.6%	0.6%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Tables B17020A - B17020I Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Age (and race or ethnicity)

App. B-II: Select Demographics of Residents Living in Poverty (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Early Head Start							Total Early Head Start
	Alhambra	Cartwright	Deer Valley	Fowler	Isaac	Pendergast	Washington	
Total Residents	38,791	29,370	24,762	9,146	13,333	13,983	46,774	176,159
Total Households	10,112	6,784	9,554	2,109	3,555	3,613	16,196	51,923

Household Composition

Family: Married couple	2,527	2,145	2,220	430	938	1,078	2,872	12,210
% of Total	25.0%	31.6%	23.2%	20.4%	26.4%	29.8%	17.7%	23.5%
Family: Male HH'er; no spouse	1,100	753	432	187	410	177	1,204	4,263
% of Total	10.9%	11.1%	4.5%	8.9%	11.5%	4.9%	7.4%	8.2%
Fam: Female HH'er; no spouse	3,416	2,512	1,658	988	1,078	1,240	3,941	14,833
% of Total	33.8%	37.0%	17.4%	46.9%	30.3%	34.3%	24.3%	28.6%
Non-Family: Male householder	1,490	788	2,357	104	544	441	3,747	9,469
% of Total	14.7%	11.6%	24.7%	4.9%	15.3%	12.2%	23.1%	18.2%
Non-Family: Female householder	1,579	586	2,888	399	586	678	4,432	11,147
% of Total	15.6%	8.6%	30.2%	18.9%	16.5%	18.8%	27.4%	21.5%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17017 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Household Type by Age of Householder.

Race/Ethnicity

American Indian/Alaska Native	756	442	718	286	100	221	1,245	3,769
% of Total	1.9%	1.5%	2.9%	3.1%	0.7%	1.6%	2.7%	2.1%
Asian	745	240	999	7	48	338	1,563	3,939
% of Total	1.9%	0.8%	4.0%	0.1%	0.4%	2.4%	3.3%	2.2%
Black/African American	2,718	1,077	672	799	470	787	3,057	9,580
% of Total	7.0%	3.7%	2.7%	8.7%	3.5%	5.6%	6.5%	5.4%
Hispanic	26,723	24,418	4,828	6,940	11,521	8,407	20,610	103,448
% of Total	68.9%	83.1%	19.5%	75.9%	86.4%	60.1%	44.1%	58.7%
Native Hawaiian/Other Islander	21	42	43	13	7	20	42	189
% of Total	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
White/Caucasian	5,244	2,312	16,099	390	838	3,437	16,844	45,163
% of Total	13.5%	7.9%	65.0%	4.3%	6.3%	24.6%	36.0%	25.6%
Two or More Races	2,379	756	1,288	654	317	703	3,122	9,218
% of Total	6.1%	2.6%	5.2%	7.1%	2.4%	5.0%	6.7%	5.2%
Other	205	84	116	57	32	70	290	853
% of Total	0.5%	0.3%	0.5%	0.6%	0.2%	0.5%	0.6%	0.5%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Tables B17020A - B17020I Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Age (and race or ethnicity)

App. B-II: Select Demographics of Residents Living in Poverty in Areas Served by Phoenix Education Services Partners (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Arizona	Greater Phoenix Urban League						Booker T. Washington					All Other Service Partners				
		Phoenix	All Phoenix Head Start Partners	Cartwright	Isaac	Laveen	Pendergast	Total GPUL	Murphy	Phoenix	Roosevelt	Wilson	Total BTW	Alhambra	Deer Valley	Fowler	Washington
Total Residents	969,900	247,553	234,994	29,370	13,333	9,437	13,983	66,124	4,331	18,267	23,555	3,246	49,398	38,791	24,762	9,146	46,774
Total Households	331,816	76,426	69,741	6,784	3,555	2,000	3,613	15,951	1,030	6,777	7,166	847	15,818	10,112	9,554	2,109	16,196
Citizenship																	
Citizen	865,117	207,193	197,196	21,773	9,734	8,542	12,264	52,314	3,430	15,275	20,620	2,761	42,085	30,971	23,168	7,518	41,140
% of Total	89.2%	83.7%	83.9%	74.1%	73.0%	90.5%	87.7%	79.1%	79.2%	83.6%	87.5%	85.1%	85.2%	79.8%	93.6%	82.2%	88.0%
Non-Citizen	104,783	40,359	37,799	7,597	3,599	896	1,719	13,810	901	2,992	2,935	485	7,313	7,819	1,594	1,627	5,634
% of Total	10.8%	16.3%	16.1%	25.9%	27.0%	9.5%	12.3%	20.9%	20.8%	16.4%	12.5%	14.9%	14.8%	20.2%	6.4%	17.8%	12.0%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B05001 Nativity and Citizenship Status in the United States.

Educational Attainment (Age 25+)

Less than high school graduation	130,924	40,405	39,452	6,694	3,087	1,106	1,697	12,585	1,137	3,451	4,435	423	9,445	7,134	2,104	1,467	6,717
% of Total	25.0%	31.7%	33.6%	51.8%	52.6%	25.1%	24.8%	41.9%	45.6%	35.0%	37.8%	28.8%	37.0%	43.0%	13.7%	38.8%	25.6%
High School graduates	155,129	35,516	34,016	3,384	1,633	1,572	2,403	8,992	789	2,642	3,615	729	7,776	4,630	4,205	1,049	7,365
% of Total	29.6%	27.9%	28.9%	26.2%	27.8%	35.6%	35.2%	29.9%	31.7%	26.8%	30.8%	49.8%	30.4%	27.9%	27.4%	27.8%	28.1%
Some college, associates degree	163,159	35,601	30,645	2,323	930	1,014	2,073	6,339	426	2,048	2,775	225	5,473	4,084	5,018	947	8,784
% of Total	31.1%	27.9%	26.1%	18.0%	15.8%	23.0%	30.3%	21.1%	17.1%	20.8%	23.6%	15.3%	21.4%	24.6%	32.7%	25.1%	33.5%
Bachelor's degree or higher	75,397	15,977	13,424	522	216	722	663	2,123	138	1,717	916	89	2,860	726	4,021	316	3,379
% of Total	14.4%	12.5%	11.4%	4.0%	3.7%	16.4%	9.7%	7.1%	5.6%	17.4%	7.8%	6.1%	11.2%	4.4%	26.2%	8.4%	12.9%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17003 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months of Individuals by Sex by Educational Attainment.

App. B-II: Select Demographics of Residents Living in Poverty (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Early Head Start							Total Early Head Start
	Alhambra	Cartwright	Deer Valley	Fowler	Isaac	Pendergast	Washington	
Total Residents	38,791	29,370	24,762	9,146	13,333	13,983	46,774	176,159
Total Households	10,112	6,784	9,554	2,109	3,555	3,613	16,196	51,923

Citizenship

Citizen	30,971	21,773	23,168	7,518	9,734	12,264	41,140	146,569
% of Total	79.8%	74.1%	93.6%	82.2%	73.0%	87.7%	88.0%	83.2%
Non-Citizen	7,819	7,597	1,594	1,627	3,599	1,719	5,634	29,590
% of Total	20.2%	25.9%	6.4%	17.8%	27.0%	12.3%	12.0%	16.8%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B05001 Nativity and Citizenship Status in the United States.

Educational Attainment (Age 25+)

Less than high school graduation	7,134	6,694	2,104	1,467	3,087	1,697	6,717	28,901
% of Total	43.0%	51.8%	13.7%	38.8%	52.6%	24.8%	25.6%	33.0%
High School graduates	4,630	3,384	4,205	1,049	1,633	2,403	7,365	24,668
% of Total	27.9%	26.2%	27.4%	27.8%	27.8%	35.2%	28.1%	28.2%
Some college, associates degree	4,084	2,323	5,018	947	930	2,073	8,784	24,158
% of Total	24.6%	18.0%	32.7%	25.1%	15.8%	30.3%	33.5%	27.6%
Bachelor's degree or higher	726	522	4,021	316	216	663	3,379	9,843
% of Total	4.4%	4.0%	26.2%	8.4%	3.7%	9.7%	12.9%	11.2%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17003 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months of Individuals by Sex by Educational Attainment.

App. B-II: Select Demographics of Residents Living in Poverty in Areas Served by Phoenix Education Services Partners (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Arizona	Greater Phoenix Urban League						Booker T. Washington					All Other Service Partners				
		Phoenix	All Phoenix Head Start Partners	Cartwright	Isaac	Laveen	Pendergast	Total GPUL	Murphy	Phoenix	Roosevelt	Wilson	Total BTW	Alhambra	Deer Valley	Fowler	Washington
Total Residents	969,900	247,553	234,994	29,370	13,333	9,437	13,983	66,124	4,331	18,267	23,555	3,246	49,398	38,791	24,762	9,146	46,774
Total Households	331,816	76,426	69,741	6,784	3,555	2,000	3,613	15,951	1,030	6,777	7,166	847	15,818	10,112	9,554	2,109	16,196
Employment (Age 16+)																	
Employed	214,245	56,082	50,298	6,626	2,706	1,634	3,681	14,646	806	4,496	4,312	541	10,155	7,452	5,881	1,938	10,227
% of Total	30.8%	34.0%	32.6%	38.3%	34.8%	28.8%	37.6%	36.1%	26.3%	33.8%	28.1%	27.9%	30.2%	32.0%	31.2%	39.3%	31.0%
Not Employed	482,052	109,083	103,920	10,660	5,081	4,048	6,103	25,892	2,263	8,807	11,040	1,397	23,506	15,818	12,995	2,999	22,711
% of Total	69.2%	66.0%	67.4%	61.7%	65.2%	71.2%	62.4%	63.9%	73.7%	66.2%	71.9%	72.1%	69.8%	68.0%	68.8%	60.7%	69.0%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17005 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months of Individuals by Sex by Employment Status.

App. B-II: Select Demographics of Residents Living in Poverty (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Early Head Start							Total Early Head Start
	Alhambra	Cartwright	Deer Valley	Fowler	Isaac	Pendergast	Washington	
Total Residents	38,791	29,370	24,762	9,146	13,333	13,983	46,774	176,159
Total Households	10,112	6,784	9,554	2,109	3,555	3,613	16,196	51,923
Employment (Age 16+)								
Employed	7,452	6,626	5,881	1,938	2,706	3,681	10,227	38,510
% of Total	32.0%	38.3%	31.2%	39.3%	34.8%	37.6%	31.0%	33.5%
Not Employed	15,818	10,660	12,995	2,999	5,081	6,103	22,711	76,366
% of Total	68.0%	61.7%	68.8%	60.7%	65.2%	62.4%	69.0%	66.5%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17005 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months of Individuals by Sex by Employment Status.

Appendix B-III: Select Demographics of Children Under 5 Years of Age Living in Poverty in Areas Served by Phoenix Education Services Partners (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Arizona	Greater Phoenix Urban League						Booker T. Washington					All Other Service Partners				
		Phoenix	All Phoenix Head Start Partners	Cartwright	Isaac	Laveen	Pendergast	Total GPUL	Murphy	Phoenix	Roosevelt	Wilson	Total BTW	Alhambra	Deer Valley	Fowler	Washington
Total Children Under 5 Years in Poverty	84,022	27,530	25,263	3,474	1,654	1,153	1,281	7,562	388	1,593	2,238	419	4,639	5,176	2,000	1,474	4,412
Est. EHS Eligible (0-2)	50,413	16,518	15,158	2,085	992	692	768	4,537	233	956	1,343	252	2,783	3,106	1,200	885	2,647
Est. HS Eligible (3-4)	33,609	11,012	10,105	1,390	662	461	512	3,025	155	637	895	168	1,855	2,070	800	590	1,765
Total Families	57,507	16,514	16,346	2,395	1,085	765	777	5,023	207	980	1,553	259	2,999	3,095	1,287	906	3,037

Family Composition

Family: Married couple	19,110	5,172	5,252	882	353	237	287	1,759	59	304	399	67	828	1,066	527	240	832
% of Total	33.2%	31.3%	32.1%	36.8%	32.5%	31.0%	36.9%	35.0%	28.3%	31.0%	25.7%	26.0%	27.6%	34.4%	41.0%	26.5%	27.4%
Family: Male HH'er; no spouse	7,034	2,360	2,275	419	229	176	16	840	20	69	354	8	451	389	143	98	354
% of Total	12.2%	14.3%	13.9%	17.5%	21.1%	23.0%	2.1%	16.7%	9.6%	7.1%	22.8%	3.2%	15.0%	12.6%	11.1%	10.8%	11.7%
Fam: Female HH'er; no spouse	31,363	8,982	8,819	1,094	504	352	474	2,424	129	607	800	183	1,719	1,640	616	568	1,852
% of Total	54.5%	54.4%	54.0%	45.7%	46.4%	46.0%	61.0%	48.3%	62.1%	61.9%	51.6%	70.8%	57.3%	53.0%	47.9%	62.7%	61.0%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17017 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Household Type by Age of Householder.

Race/Ethnicity

American Indian/Alaska Native	7,624	611	782	113	12	107	0	233	0	26	124	0	151	70	67	141	121
% of Total	9.1%	2.2%	3.1%	3.3%	0.7%	9.3%	0.0%	3.1%	0.0%	1.6%	5.6%	0.0%	3.2%	1.3%	3.3%	9.6%	2.7%
Asian	929	385	352	23	0	29	17	69	0	0	27	0	27	72	0	0	184
% of Total	1.1%	1.4%	1.4%	0.7%	0.0%	2.5%	1.3%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	0.0%	0.6%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%	4.2%
Black/African American	6,188	2,710	2,257	140	46	120	83	389	0	253	365	65	683	615	30	237	302
% of Total	7.4%	9.8%	8.9%	4.0%	2.8%	10.4%	6.4%	5.1%	0.0%	15.9%	16.3%	15.6%	14.7%	11.9%	1.5%	16.0%	6.8%
Hispanic	44,390	18,816	17,540	2,856	1,566	702	926	6,050	388	1,104	1,576	310	3,378	3,710	802	1,042	2,559
% of Total	52.8%	68.3%	69.4%	82.2%	94.7%	60.9%	72.3%	80.0%	100.0%	69.3%	70.4%	73.9%	72.8%	71.7%	40.1%	70.7%	58.0%
Native Hawaiian/Other Islander	245	0	49	28	0	0	21	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
% of Total	0.3%	0.0%	0.2%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
White/Caucasian	15,082	3,391	2,733	260	12	104	223	599	0	76	72	0	148	185	919	0	883
% of Total	17.9%	12.3%	10.8%	7.5%	0.7%	9.0%	17.4%	7.9%	0.0%	4.8%	3.2%	0.0%	3.2%	3.6%	46.0%	0.0%	20.0%
Two or More Races	8,756	1,543	1,474	49	16	89	9	163	0	123	65	42	230	509	181	44	347
% of Total	10.4%	5.6%	5.8%	1.4%	1.0%	7.7%	0.7%	2.2%	0.0%	7.7%	2.9%	10.0%	5.0%	9.8%	9.1%	3.0%	7.9%
Other	807	74	76	5	2	2	1	10	0	11	10	2	23	16	0	10	18
% of Total	1.0%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.3%	0.0%	0.7%	0.4%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Tables B17020A - B17020I Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Age (and race or ethnicity)

App. B-III: Select Demo. of Children Under 5 Living in Poverty (Head Start and Early Head Start)

	Early Head Start							Total Early Head Start
	Alhambra	Cartwright	Deer Valley	Fowler	Isaac	Pendergast	Washington	
Total Children Under 5 Years in Poverty	5,176	3,474	2,000	1,474	1,654	1,281	4,412	19,471
Est. EHS Eligible (0-2)	3,106	2,085	1,200	885	992	768	2,647	11,683
Est. HS Eligible (3-4)	2,070	1,390	800	590	662	512	1,765	7,788
Total Families	3,095	2,395	1,287	906	1,085	777	3,037	12,583

Family Composition

Family: Married couple	1,066	882	527	240	353	287	832	4,187
% of Total	34.4%	36.8%	41.0%	26.5%	32.5%	36.9%	27.4%	33.3%
Family: Male HH'er; no spouse	389	419	143	98	229	16	354	1,647
% of Total	12.6%	17.5%	11.1%	10.8%	21.1%	2.1%	11.7%	13.1%
Fam: Female HH'er; no spouse	1,640	1,094	616	568	504	474	1,852	6,748
% of Total	53.0%	45.7%	47.9%	62.7%	46.4%	61.0%	61.0%	53.6%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Table B17017 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Household Type by Age of Householder.

Race/Ethnicity

American Indian/Alaska Native	70	113	67	141	12	0	121	524
% of Total	1.3%	3.3%	3.3%	9.6%	0.7%	0.0%	2.7%	2.7%
Asian	72	23	0	0	0	17	184	297
% of Total	1.4%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.3%	4.2%	1.5%
Black/African American	615	140	30	237	46	83	302	1,453
% of Total	11.9%	4.0%	1.5%	16.0%	2.8%	6.4%	6.8%	7.5%
Hispanic	3,710	2,856	802	1,042	1,566	926	2,559	13,461
% of Total	71.7%	82.2%	40.1%	70.7%	94.7%	72.3%	58.0%	69.1%
Native Hawaiian/Other Islander	0	28	0	0	0	21	0	49
% of Total	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%	0.3%
White/Caucasian	185	260	919	0	12	223	883	2,481
% of Total	3.6%	7.5%	46.0%	0.0%	0.7%	17.4%	20.0%	12.7%
Two or More Races	509	49	181	44	16	9	347	1,155
% of Total	9.8%	1.4%	9.1%	3.0%	1.0%	0.7%	7.9%	5.9%
Other	16	5	0	10	2	1	18	52
% of Total	0.3%	0.2%	0.0%	0.7%	0.1%	0.1%	0.4%	0.3%

Source: ACS 2017 - 2021 Estimates, Tables B17020A - B17020I Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Age (and race or ethnicity)